## Operation and Program Manual



All specificaitons are subject to change without notice

## Precaution Statements

Follow these safety, servicing and ESD precautions to prevent damage and to protect against potential hazards such as electrical shock.

## 1-1 Safety Precautions

1. Be sure that all built-in protective devices are replaced. Restore any missing protective shields.
2. When reinstalling the chassis and its assemblies, be sure to restore all protective devices, including nonmetallic control knobs and compartment covers.
3. Make sure there are no cabinet openings through which people - particularly children - might insert fingers and contact dangerous voltages. Such openings include excessively wide cabinet ventilation slots and improperly fitted covers and drawers.
4. Design Alteration Warning: Never alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of the SECR. Unauthorized alterations might create a safety hazard. Also, any design changes or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty.
5. Components, parts and wiring that appear to have overheated or that are otherwise damaged should be replaced with parts that meet the original specifications. Always determine the cause of damage or over- heating, and correct any potential hazards.

## CAUTION

There is the danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

Dispose used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.
6. Observe the original lead dress, especially near the following areas: sharp edges, and especially the AC and high voltage supplies. Always inspect for pinched, out-of-place, or frayed wiring. Do not change the spacing between components and the printed circuit board. Check the AC power cord for damage. Make sure that leads and components do not touch thermally hot parts.
7. Product Safety Notice:

Some electrical and mechanical parts have special safety-related characteristics that might not be obvious from visual inspection. These safety features and the protection they give might be lost if the replacement component differs from the original - even if the replacement is rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc.
Components that are critical for safety are indicated in the circuit diagram by shading, ( $\uparrow \downarrow$ ) or ( $\lfloor$ ). Use replacement components that have the same ratings, especially for flame resistance and dielectric strength specifications. A replacement part that does not have the same safety characteristics as the original might create shock, fire or other hazards.

## ATTENTION

ll y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie.
Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type équivalent recommandé par le constructeur. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

> SAFETY NOTICE: "For pluggable equipment, the socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible."

## 1-2 Servicing Precautions

WARNING: First read the-Safety Precautions-section of this manual. If some unforeseen circumstance creates a conflict between the servicing and safety precautions, always follow the safety precautions.
WARNING: An electrolytic capacitor installed with the wrong polarity might explode.

1. Servicing precautions are printed on the cabinet. Follow them.
2. Always unplug the units AC power cord from the AC power source before attempting to: (a) Remove or reinstall any component or assembly (b) Disconnect an electrical plug or connector (c) Connect a test component in parallel with an electrolytic capacitor
3. Some components are raised above the printed circuit board for safety. An insulation tube or tape is sometimes used. The internal wiring is sometimes clamped to prevent contact with thermally hot components. Reinstall all such elements to their original position.
4. After servicing, always check that the screws, components and wiring have been correctly reinstalled. Make sure that the portion around the serviced part has not been damaged.
5. Check the insulation between the blades of the AC plug and accessible conductive parts (examples: metal panels and input terminals).
6. Insulation Checking Procedure: Disconnect the power cord from the AC source and turn the power switch ON. Connect an insulation resistance meter ( 500 V ) to the blades of AC plug.
The insulation resistance between each blade of the AC plug and accessible conductive parts (see above) should be greater than 1 megohm.
7. Never defeat any of the B+ voltage interlocks. Do not apply AC power to the unit (or any of its assemblies) unless all solid-state heat sinks are correctly installed.
8. Always connect an instrument's ground lead to the instrument chassis ground before connecting the positive lead; always remove the instrument's ground lead last.

## 1-3 Precautions for Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESDs)

1. Some semiconductor (solid state) devices are easily damaged by static electricity. Such components are called Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESDs); examples include integrated circuits and some fieldeffect transistors. The following techniques will reduce the occurrence of component damage caused by static electricity.
2. Immediately before handling any semiconductor components or assemblies, drain the electrostatic charge from your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, wear a discharging wriststrap device. (Be sure to remove it prior to applying power - this is an electric shock precaution.)
3. After removing an ESD-equipped assembly, place it on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil to prevent accumulation of electrostatic charge.
4. Do not use Freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charges that damage ESDs.
5. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron when soldering or unsoldering ESDs.
6. Use only an anti-static solder removal device. Many solder removal devices are not rated as antistatic; these can accumulate sufficient electrical charge to damage ESDs.
7. Do not remove a replacement ESD from its protective package until you are ready to install it. Most replacement ESDs are packaged with leads that are electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil or other conductive materials.
8. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ESD, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will be installed.
9. Minimize body motions when handling unpackaged replacement ESDs. Motions such as brushing clothes together, or lifting a foot from a carpeted floor can generate enough static electricity to damage an ESD.

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## Getting Started

## About the ER-420M

- The $E R-420 M$ features a 48 -position keyboard with traditional raised keys. This keyboard will accommodate up to 12 NLU keys and works best in retail stores, or shops where it is not necessary to place a large number of preset item keys on the keyboard.
$E R-420 M$ is an excellent low cost solution for a wide range of retail environments.
$E R$-420M, with its superb thermal printing system, always provides the fastest in transaction speeds.


## Unpacking

1. Unpack and unwrap the cash register.
2. Located in the packing are the following items:

- 1 Rolls of paper and paper spindle,
- 2 sets of control keys,
- Operation and Program Manual,

3. Remove the cardboard protectors from the cash drawer.
4. Plug the register into a grounded outlet (three prong), insert a control key and turn the key to the REG control lock position.

## Installing the Paper

1. Remove the printer cover.

2. For proper feeding through the print head, cut or tear a straight even edge on the end of the paper roll. (Be sure to remove any paper with glue residue.) Place the paper roll in the paper holder so that the paper will feed from the bottom of the roll.


3. Insert the end of the paper into the paper slot.

4. Close the paper lever and press the PAPER FEED key until the paper comes out.

5. Passing the leading edge of the paper through the cutter slot. Tear off the excess paper. Replace the printer cover.

※ If you wish to use the printer to print a sales journal, insert the paper into the paper take-up spool. Wind the paper two or three turns around the spool shaft and install the spool in the mount.

※ ER-420M is possible to feed automatically when you rock the paper levers and insert paper.

## Basic Features and Functions

## Standard Hardware

- 2 Line, 16 character liquid crystal display (LCD).
- Ten-position rear pop up display standard.
- 48 position raised keyboard.
- 2 station Thermal printer with drop-and-print mechanism.
- Sturdy Metal Cash Drawer with removable 4 Bill 8 Coin drawer insert.
- 7-position control lock.
- Standard customer pole display.
- Communications ports: 2 RS232C.


## Optional Hardware

- Kitchen printer. / Bill Printer / Journal Printer
- Bar code scanner.
- PC Link


## Software Features

- Up to 2 price levels for each PLU.
- Up to 5 PLU modifier keys.
- 9,000 (expandable) Price Look Ups (PLUs) for open or preset item registration. For direct registrations, up to 12 PLUs are on the keyboard.
- 18 character programmable descriptors for PLUs and functions.
- Up to 99 PLU Group totals.
- Up to 99 clerks with separate report totals.


## Front Display

The ER-420M comes with a liquid crystal screen, allowing you to view up to 2 lines of information with up to 20 characters per line. The display is backlit and adjustable to provide excellent visibility, regardless of lighting conditions.
When the control lock is in the OFF position, the register cannot be operated. When the control lock in the REG, VOID, X, Z, PGM or SM positions the appropriate message, there are displayed with the message "CLOSED". You must sign on a clerk to remove the "CLOSED" message and begin operation.

REG

VOID

## VOID MODE CLOSED

## Operator Display Example

- Press $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0}$ - PLU117 to register of the PLU117

- Press $\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0}$ - CASH to tender a sale


Displayed Error Conditions

## ** WARNING SEQUENCE ERR

## Rear Display

The rear display is a 10 digit florescent display that allows your customer to monitor the transaction and view the sale total. The rear display can be lifted and turned for easy customer viewing.

## Rear Display Information

Item Count The number of times an item has been repeated is displayed Amount The amount of the item, subtotal or total, is displayed in the rightmost portion of the display

## Rear Display Message

| C | Change Due |
| :--- | :--- |
| - | Negative entry |
| Sub | Subtotal of the sale |
| $=$ | Total of the sale |

## Error Code Table

| E0 | SEQUENCE ERROR |
| :---: | :---: |
| E1 | PLU NO DATA |
| E2 | CLERK ERROR |
| E3 | AMOUNT COUNT OVER |
| E4 | LAN TRAN |
| E5 | COMMUNICATION ERROR |
| E6 | TIME AND DATE |
| E7 | LIMIT OVER |
| E8 | INACTIVE |
| E9 | XMODE ONLY |
| E10 | NONADD |
| E11 | ADDCHECK ERROR |
| E12 | CONDIMENT ERROR |
| E13 | REQ. EAT IN |
| E14 | REQ. STOCK |
| E15 | REQ.DRAWER |
| E16 | REQ.GUEST |
| E17 | SCALE |
| E18 | CLERK NOT MATCH |
| E19 | COMPULSORY TARE |
| E20 | REQ.DECLARATION |
| E21 | OFF LINE |
| E22 | REQ.ENDORSEMENT |
| E23 | CONSOL OVER |
| E24 | REQ.SUBTOTAL |
| E25 | PROMO ERROR |
| E26 | CHECK OPEN |
| E27 | REQ. PASSWORD |
| E28 | NO VOID PLU |
| E29 | 232C SETUP ERROR |
| E30 | REQ.PRESET VALUE |
| E31 | REQ. OPEN VALUE |
| E32 | REQ. AMOUNT |
| E33 | REQ. PAYMENT |

E34 INVALID FUNCTION
E35 REQ. TABLE
E36 REQ. PBAL
E37 REQ.CHECK \#
E38 ONLY ONE TABLE
E39 REQ. VALID
PER RECEIPT PRINTER PAPER END
PFP SYSTEM ERROR (If this problem occurs, call the service engineer.)

E42 MEMORY ALLOCATION ERROR
E43 PLU DELETE ERROR
PEJ JOURNAL PRINTER PAPER END
E45 RECEIPT AND JOURNAL PRINTER END

## Control Lock

The control lock has 7 positions, accessed with 5 keys. Each ECR is shipped with two full sets of keys.

| OFF | VOID | Use to void (correct) items outside of a sale. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OFF | The register is inoperable. |
| x | REG | Use for normal registrations. |
|  | X | Use to read register reports. |
|  | Z | Use to read register reports and reset totals to zero. |
|  | P | Use to program the register. |
|  | S | The $S$ position is a hidden position reserved for dealer access. |

Before performing any operations in Register Mode a clerk must be signed on. See "Clerk Sign-On/Sign-Off" for a description of clerk operations.

## Control Keys

The ER-420M includes two sets of keys that may be used to access the following control lock positions.

| Key |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| REG | Positions Accessible |
| VOID | OFF, REG |
| $\mathbf{Z}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | VOID, OFF, REG, X |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | VOID, OFF, REG, X, Z |
|  | ALL POSITIONS |

Note: Keys may be removed from the control lock in the OFF or REG positions.

## Keyboards

The ER-420M keyboard is shown below with the default legends and key assignments. This configuration has 12 keyboard NLU locations. Programmable key locations are shown with a bold border.


## Memory Clear

CAUTION: The procedures described in this area are security sensitive. Clearing all or parts of the ER-420M memory may cause damage or loss to the program. Do not share this information with unauthorized users and distribute the special SERVICEMode key only to those you may want to perform these functions.

## Memory All Clear

Perform "Clear All Totals", or "Clear PLU File" if you wish to clear only parts of ER-420M memory. Complete clearing of all memory areas and installation of the default program can be done through the following special procedure:

1. Turn the power switch located on the right side of the register to the OFF position.
2. Turn the control lock to the $S$ position one position.
3. Press and hold the key position where the CHECK key is located on the default keyboard layout.
4. Continue to hold the CHECK key while turning the power switch to the ON position.
5. Press the upper left key of the keyboard, then the lower left key, then the upper right key, and finally press the lower right key.
6. When memory is cleared, the register prints a message "RAM ALL CLEAR OK!"

## Initial Clear

CAUTION: Do not share this information with unauthorized users. Distribute the P Mode key only to those you may want to perform this function.

The initial clear function allows you to exit any register activity and return to a beginning or cleared state. Any transaction that is in progress will be exited and totals for that transaction will not be updated.

Here are some reasons you may want to perform an initial clear:

- The register is in an unknown state, and you wish to exit the current program or transaction without following normal procedures.
- You have performed a function that includes a compulsory activity and you wish to bypass the compulsion.
- An initial clear may be necessary as part of servicing, or troubleshooting.


## To Perform an Initial Clear:

1. Unplug the register.
2. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
3. Press and hold the key position where the SBTL key is located on the default keyboard layout.
4. While continuing to hold the SBTL key, plug the register into a power source.
5. The message "INITIAL CLEAR OK!" prints when the initial clear is complete.

## Operating Instructions

## Function Key Descriptions

Keys are listed in alphabetical order. Some of the keys described below are not included on the default keyboard. See "Function Key Assignment Programming to add or change programmable keys.

| Keyboard Legend | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| \#/NO SALE | Use as a non-add key to print up to an 8-digit numeric entry on the receipt <br> and journal. This entry will not add to any sales totals. The \#/NO SALE <br> key is also used to open the cash drawer without making a sale. |
| X/TIME | Use to multiply a quantity of items or calculate split pricing on PLU <br> entries. |
| $\mathbf{0 0 , 0 - 9 , ~ D e c i m a l ~}$ | Use to make numeric entries in REG, X, Z, VOID, or P positions. The <br> decimal key is used for decimal or scale multiplication, when setting or <br> entering fractional percentage discounts, or when programming fractional <br> tax rates. Do not use the decimal key when making amount entries into <br> PLUs. |
| ADD CHECK | Use to combine individual trays (in a cafeteria situation) that will be <br> paid together. Each tray subtotal can advance the consecutive number, <br> depending on programming. |
| CANCEL | Cancels a transaction without updating PLU, or function key totals. The <br> Cancel function may only be used prior to tendering. Once tendering <br> begins, the Cancel function may no longer be used. The CANCEL key <br> corrects the appropriate totals and counters and the Financial report records <br> total of transactions cancelled. |
| CASH | Calculates the sale total including tax, finalises the sale, and opens the <br> cash drawer. Change computation is allowed by entering an amount <br> before pressing the CASH key. The cash drawer will open only if the <br> amount tendered is equal to or greater than the total amount of the sale. <br> Post tendering is also available should a second change calculation be <br> necessary. Re-enter the tendered amount and press the CASH key to <br> show the new change computation. <br> Press the CASH key a second time to issue a buffered receipt (up to 200 <br> lines) when the receipt on/off function is OFF. |


| CHECK | Use to finalise CHECK sales. Calculates the sale total including tax, finalises the sale, and opens the cash drawer. Change computation is allowed by entering an amount before pressing the CHECK key. The cash drawer will open only if the amount tendered is equal to or greater than the total amount of the sale. Change issued will be subtracted from the appropriate in-drawer total. |
| :---: | :---: |
| CHECK CASHING | Use to exchange a CHECK for cash. Cash-in-drawer and CHECK-indrawer totals are adjusted. |
| CHECK ENDORSEMENT | Use to print a CHECK endorsement message on an optional slip printer with a programmable endorsement message. |
| CHARGE(1-8) | Use to finalise charge sales. Calculates the sale total including tax, finalises the sale, and opens the cash drawer. Change computation is allowed by entering an amount before pressing the CHARGE key. The cash drawer will open only if the amount tendered is equal to or greater than the total amount of the sale. Change issued will be subtracted from the appropriate in-drawer total. |
| CHECK \# | The CHECK \# key is used to begin a new, or access an existing balance (hard check) or itemized bill (soft check.) <br> Check track numbers that are entered manually may be set at a fixed length of one to nine digits. Check track numbers assigned automatically will begin with \#1. <br> Existing checks are accessed by entering the check track number and pressing the CHECK \# key. |
| CLEAR | Use to clear entries made into the 10 key numeric pad or X/TIME key before they are printed. Also used to clear error conditions. |
| CLERK | The register will not operate in register mode unless a clerk has been signed on. Clerk sign-on is accomplished by direct or secret code sign on. <br> All entries made on the register will report to one of the 15 clerk totals. When a clerk is signed on, all entries following will add to that clerk's total until another clerk is signed on. However, a clerk cannot be changed in the middle of a transaction. <br> To sign a clerk off, thereby displaying the "CLOSED" message on the display, enter 0 (zero), then press the CLERK key. This disables the register until another clerk is signed on. The current clerk must first be signed off before another clerk can sign on. |
| CONV (1 \& 4) | The currency conversion function, allowed after subtotal, converts and displays the new subtotal at a preprogrammed exchange rate. Tendering is allowed after using the currency conversion function. Change is calculated and issued in home currency. The amount of foreign currency tendered is stored in a separate total on the Financial report, but not added to the drawer total. |
| EAT-IN, TAKE-OUT, DRIVETHRU | Sale analise 1,2,3 keys (Eat-in, Take-out and Drive-thru), are subtotal functions. In areas that have different tax rules for eat-in and take out sales, each key can be programmed to automatically charge or exempt taxes. Sales may not be split between each key. |
| ERROR CORR | Use to correct the last entry. The ERROR CORR key corrects the appropriate totals and counters. |


| KBD SHIFT | This function provides three levels of keyboard. |
| :---: | :---: |
| F/S SHIFT | When pressed before a PLU entry, the F/S SHIFT key reverses the preprogrammed food stamp status of the PLU. For example, an item not food stamp eligible can be made food stamp eligible. |
| FIS SUB | Displays the amount of the sale that is food stamp eligible. |
| FIS TEND | Use to tender food stamps for eligible sales. |
| GUEST \# | Use to enter the count of guests served as part of a guest check. |
| MACRO (1-10) | Macro keys may be programmed to record, then later perform, up to 50 keystrokes. For example, a macro key could be set to tender (preset tender) a common currency, such as \$5 into the cash key. |
| RETURN ITEM | Used to return or refund merchandise. Returning an item will also return any tax, which may have been applied. |
| MODIFIER 1-5 | The Modifier key alters the next PLU registered, either by changing the Code number of the PLU so that a different item is registered, or by adding the modifier descriptor. |
| P/BAL | Use to enter the amount of an outstanding balance. |
| PAID OUT | Use to record money taken from the register to pay invoices, etc. The paid out amount subtracts from the cash-in-drawer total. Paid outs are allowed outside of a sale only. |
| \% Keys 1-5 | Up to five \% keys may be placed on the keyboard. Each \% key is set with a specific function, such as item discount or surcharge, or sale discount or surcharge. The percent rate may be entered or preprogrammed, or the percent keys can be programmed with a negative, open or preset price, thus acting as coupon keys. <br> A percentage key may also be set up to accept charge tip entries. |
| PLU | The PLU key is used to register price look ups by number entry. PLUs can be programmed open or preset, and positive or negative. |
| PAYMENT | Use to Charge Posting Feature. This key can be enforced prior to cashing off a check sale. |
| PRINT CHECK | Use to print a guest check. The check can be printed on an optional (RS232C) printer, or can be printed on the receipt printer. The PRINT CHECK key can be set to automatically service the check. |
| PROMO | The PROMO key allows you to account for PROMOal items. Pressing this key will remove an item's cost from the sale, but will include the sale of the item in the item's sales counter. |
| RECD ACCT | The RECD ACCT (received on account) key is used to record media loaned to the cash drawer, or payments received outside of a sale. The cash drawer will open. The amount received adds to the cash-in-drawer total. |
| SERVICE | Use to temporarily finalise Previous Balance or Table Tracking transactions. |
| SUBTOTAL | Displays subtotal of sale including tax. Must be pressed prior to a sale discount or sale surcharge. |
| TABLE \# | Tracks the current balance for a guest check or table. |


| TAX EXEMPT | Press the TAX EXEMPT key to exempt tax 1, tax 2, tax 3, and/or tax 4 <br> from the entire sale. |
| :--- | :--- |
| TAX (1-4) SHIFT | When pressed before a PLU entry, the tax shift keys reverse the tax status <br> of the PLU, i.e., a PLU with non-tax status would become taxable or a <br> PLU with tax status would become non-taxable. |
| TIP | The TIP key allows a gratuity to be added to a guest check before <br> payment. The tip amount is deducted from the Cash-in-Drawer amount <br> for the Clerk/Cashier closing the guest check. <br> The TIP key may be programmed as either a percentage or amount. If <br> programmed as a percentage, tax programming defines whether the <br> percentage is calculated on the net amount or the amount after taxes. |
| VOID | Use to correct an item entered earlier within a sale. The VOID key <br> corrects the appropriate totals and counters. To correct the last item, use <br> the ERROR CORR key. For void operations outside of a sale <br> (Transaction Void), use the VOID position on the control lock. The <br> Financial report records totals for each type of void separately. |
| VALID | Press the VALID key to print a one-line validation on <br> a separate form or piece of paper. A any item registration, discount or <br> payment may be validated. |
| WASTE | The WASTE key allows control of inventory by accounting for items, <br> which must be removed from stock due to spoilage, breakage or mistakes. <br> Press the WASTE key before entering wasted items, then press the <br> WASTE key again to finalise. The WASTE key may be under manager <br> control, requiring the control lock to be in the X position. The WASTE <br> operation is not allowed within a sale. |

## Clerk Sign-On/Sign-Off

See "System Option Programming", to review your clerk options:

- System option \#2 allows you to select direct or code entry sign on and/or staydown or pop-up operation.
Depending on how your machine has been programmed, sign-on will take place only at the beginning of a shift (stay-down), or may have to be repeated for each transaction (pop-up). If your machine has been programmed for stay-down clerks, the clerk currently signed on must be signed off before another clerk may be signed on.


## Direct Sign-On

To enter the clerk number and press the clerk .


To sign the clerk off, Enter 0 (Zero) and press the clerk key .


## Coded Sign-On

To sign on a clerk, press the clerk key, enter the clerk code, then press the clerk key again.


Clerk Code (up to 6 digits)

To sign the clerk off, enter 0 (Zero) and press the clerk key.


## Receipt On and Off

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{X}$ position.
2. To turn the receipt off, enter 9 9, press the SBTL key. Enter 1, press CASH.

3. To turn the receipt on, enter 9 9, press the SBTL key. Enter 0, press CASH.


## Item Registrations

All registrations on ER-420M are made into open or preset PLUs.

- In place of traditional PLU keys, some PLUs are located directly on the keyboard.
- When more items or categories are needed than the number of PLUs available on the keyboard, registrations through PLUs can be made by entering the PLU code number and pressing the PLU key on the keyboard.
- This system simplifies reporting by listing all items (regardless of how they are entered) on the PLU report, while reporting for groups of items or categories is available from the Group report.


## Open Keyboard PLU Entry

1. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. Do not use the decimal key. For example, for $\$ 2.99$, enter:

2. Press a PLU key. For example, press PLU 1:

$1)$

|  THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $8: 33$ |
|  |  |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.99$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.18$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 3.17$ |
| CASH | $\$ 3.17$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No.000011 |
|  |  |

## Preset Price Keyboard PLU

A preset PLU registers the price that was previously programmed for the PLU. See "PLU Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to program preset prices.

1. Press a preset PLU key. For example, press PLU 5:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $8: 33$ |
| PLU5 |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 1.29$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.29$ |
|  | $\$ 1.29$ |
| CLERK 1 | No.000011 |
|  |  |

## Keyboard PLU Repeat Entry

Open or preset price PLUs can be repeated as many times as necessary by pressing the same PLU again. The number of times the item is repeated is shown on the display.

1. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. Do not use the decimal key. For example, for \$2.99, enter:

2. Press a PLU key. For example, press PLU 1:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $8: 33$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.99$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.99$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.36$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 6.34$ |
| CASH | $\$ 6.34$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No.000011 |
|  |  |

3. To register a second item exactly as the first, press the PLU key a second time. For example, press PLU $\mathbf{1}$ :


## Keyboard PLU Multiplication

When several of the same items are to be sold of the same PLU, you can use multiplication. You can enter a quantity (1 to 999.999) using the X/TIME key. You can multiply open or preset PLUs.

1. Enter the quantity of items being purchased, press the X/TIME key. For example, enter $\mathbf{4}$ on the numeric key pad and press the X/TIME key:

2. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. Do not use the decimal key. For example, for $\$ 1.99$, enter:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| 4X | @1.99 |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  | $\$ 7.96$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.48$ |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 8.44$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 8.44$ |  |
|  |  | No.000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |  |


3. Press a PLU key. For example, press PLU 1:


## Keyboard PLU Multiplication with Decimal Point

If you are selling items by weight, or decimal quantities such as half-pints, you can multiply a fraction of a unit.

1. Enter the amount with the decimal point, press the X/TIME key. For example, for 3.75 kilos of produce, enter:

2. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. Do not use the decimal key. For example, if the price is $\$ .99$ per kilo, enter:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| 3.75 X | @0.99 |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  | $\$ 3.71$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.22$ |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 3.93$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 3.93$ |  |
| CLERK 1 |  | No. 000011 |

3. Press a PLU key. For example, press PLU 1:


## Split Pricing (Keyboard PLU)

When items are priced in groups, i.e. 3 for $\$ 1.00$, you can enter the quantity purchased and let the register calculate the correct price.

1. Enter the quantity purchased, press the X/TIME key. For example, enter:

2
XITIME
2. Enter the quantity of the group price, press the X/TIME key. For example, if the items are priced 3 for $\$ 1.00$, enter:

3. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. For example, if the items are priced 3 for \$1.00, enter:

4. Press a PLU key. For example, press PLU 1:
$\square$

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $08: 33$ |
| 2@3FOR | @1.00 |
| PLU1 T1 |  |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.67$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 0.04$ |
| CASH | $\$ 0.71$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |

CALL AGAIN

## Single Item Keyboard PLU

Single item PLUs automatically total as a cash sale immediately after registration. Use single item PLUs for speedy one-item sales. For example if you are selling admission tickets, and all ticket sales are one item sales, you can use an open or preset PLU. After each registration, the drawer will immediately open, and a separate transaction receipt is printed. See "PLU Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to program a single item PLU.

1. Press a single item preset PLU key. (or enter a price and press a single item open PLU key.) For example, press PLU 6:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $08: 33$ |
|  |  |
| PLU6 | $\$ 1.29$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 1.29$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.29$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |

## Open Code Entry PLU

If the PRESET status of a PLU is set to N (no), the PLU will operate as an open PLU. See "PLU Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to program PLU descriptors and options.

1. Enter the PLU number; press the PLU key. For example, enter:

2. Enter an amount on the ten keypad. Do not use the decimal key. For example, for $\$ 2.99$, enter:

3. Press the PLU key again.

## PLU

## Preset Price Code Entry PLU

1. Enter the PLU number; press the PLU key. For example, enter:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 | $\$ 1.29$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 1.29$ |
| CASH | $\$ 1.29$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No.000011 |

## Code Entry PLU Multiplication

When several of the same items are to be entered into the same PLU, you can use multiplication. You can enter a quantity (1 to 999.999) using the X/TIME key. You can multiply open or preset PLUs.

1. Enter the quantity of items being purchased, press the X/TIME key. For example, enter $\mathbf{4}$ on the numeric key pad and press the X/TIME key:

2. Enter the PLU number; press the PLU key. For example, enter:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| 4X | @1.99 |
| PLU1 T1 |  |
| TAX1 | $\$ 7.96$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 0.48$ |
| CASH | $\$ 8.44$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 |  |

1 PLU

## Code Entry PLU Multiplication with Decimal Point

If you are selling items by weight, or if you are selling yard goods, you can multiply a fraction of a unit.

1. Enter the quantity with the decimal point, press the X/TIME key. For example, for 3.75 Kilos of produce, enter:

2. Enter the PLU number; press the PLU key. For example, enter:


PLU

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| 3.75 X | @2.99 |  |
| PLU3 T1 |  | $\$ 11.21$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.67$ |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 11.88$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 11.88$ |  |
|  |  | No.000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |  |

## Split Pricing Code Entry PLU

When items are priced in groups, i.e. 3 for $\$ 1.00$, you can enter the quantity purchased and let the register calculate the correct price.

1. Enter the quantity purchased, press the X/TIME key. For example, enter:

2. Enter the quantity of the group price, press the X/TIME key. For example, if the items are priced 3 for $\$ 1.00$, enter:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| 2@3FOR | @2.99 |  |
| PLU3 T1 |  | $\$ 1.99$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.12$ |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 2.11$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 2.11$ |  |
|  |  | No.000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |  |

3. Enter the PLU number; press the PLU key. For example, enter:


## Modifier Key

Pressing a modifier key alters the next PLU registered, either by changing the code number of the PLU so that a different item is registered, or by just adding the modifier descriptor and registering the same PLU.

See "Modifier 1-5" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter in order to determine how the modifier key will affect the PLU entry.

Modifiers can be:

- STAY DOWN so that registrations will be modified by the same modifier until another modifier is selected,
- POP UP after each item to register, for example large, medium or small soft drink,
- POP UP after each transaction to register, for example, toppings of various pizza sizes.

See "System Options" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to select stay down/popup status.

## Pop-Up Modifier Key Affecting PLU Code

1. Press a preset PLU key. For example, press PLU 1 with a price of $\$ 1.00$.

2. Press the MOD 1 key.
```
MOD
```

3. Press the same PLU key. In this example the modifier 1 will add the digit 1 to the fourth PLU \# position, resulting in the registration of PLU \#1001.

4. Press another PLU key. In this example press PLU 2 with a price of $\$ 1.50$.

## Price Level Key

If you choose to use the price level feature, you must allocate memory for each level. See "Memory Allocation" in the "Service Mode Programming" chapter. Note that the default program selects one price level. You must also place price level keys on the keyboard. See "Function Key Assignment" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter.
If you use this feature, the same PLU can be given up to 2 different preset prices. Price Level keys shift the price that is being registered. Levels can be:

- STAY DOWN so that registrations will stay in the selected level until another is selected,
- POP UP after each item to register, for example large, medium or small soft drink,
- POP UP after each transaction to register, for example, toppings of various pizza sizes.

See "System Options" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to set how the price level keys operate.

## Pop-Up Price Level Keys

1. Press a preset PLU key. For example, press PLU 1 programmed with a price of $\$ 1.00$ for price level 1.

2. Press the LEVEL 2 key. The message "LEVEL 2" displays.

## LEVEL

2

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 | $\$ 1.00$ |
| PLU1 |  |
| PLU2 | $\$ 2.00$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 1.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 4.50$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |

3. Press the same PLU key. In this example the PLU 1 key is programmed with a price of $\$ 2.00$ for price level 2.

4. Press another PLU key. In this example press PLU 2 programmed to register PLU \#2 with price level 1. Note that the level 1 price is registered.
chan -


## PROMO

The PROMO key allows you to account for promotional items. Pressing this key will remove an item's cost from the sale, and the PROMO item will not be added to the PLU sales total, but it is added to the item sales counter. If stock (inventory) reporting is used, the item will be subtracted from inventory.

1. Register an item. For example, press PLU 1 programmed with a price of $\$ 1.00$ for price level 1.

2. Press the PROMO key. The message "PROMO" displays.

PROMO

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  |  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 | ***PROMO*** |  |
|  | $\$ 1.00$ |  |
| PLU1 |  | $\$ 0.00$ |
| TOTAL |  | $\$ 0.00$ |
| CASH |  | No.000011 |
|  | CLERK 1 |  |

3. Enter the item to be Promoted. You can not enter an item that has not been already registered in this transaction.


## Waste

The WASTE key allows control of inventory by accounting for items that must be removed from stock due to spoilage, breakage or mistakes. Press the WASTE key before entering wasted items, and then press the WASTE key again to finalise. The WASTE key may be under manager control, requiring the control lock to be in the $\mathbf{X}$ position. The WASTE key is not allowed within a sale.

1. Press the WASTE key. The message "WASTE" displays at the top of the screen.
```
WASTE
```

2. Enter the item or items that are wasted.
3. Press the WASTE key again to total the wasted items:


WASTE

## KBD SHIFT

The KBD SHIFT key allows you to expand the NLU keys on the keyboard. You can use this key by 3 levels.

Level 1 : NLU key(1~12) * 1;
Level 2 : NLU key(1~12) * 2;
Level 3 : NLU key(1~12) * 3;

1. Press the NLU key. For example, enter:

## 12

2. Enter the level number(1~3);press the KBD SHIFT key. For example, enter:

3. Press the same NLU key. For example,

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  |  |
| PLU 12 TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| PLU 24 |  |
| TOTAL |  |
| CASH |  |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 |  | enter:

## Percent Key Operations

A total of five \% functions are available to be allocated to the keyboard.
Each function is individually programmable to add or subtract, from an individual item or from a sale total, amounts (coupons) or percentages. You can also program the percentage key taxable or non-taxable, so that sales taxes are calculated on the net, or the gross amount of the item or sale. You can also program preset prices or percentages.
The operation examples in this section show the percentage key in a variety of configurations. See "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to assign a specific function to each percentage key.

## Preset Percent Discount on an Item

In this example the $\mathbf{\% 1}$ function is preset with a rate of $10 \%$.

1. Register the item.
2. Press the $\mathbf{\% 1}$ key:

## \% 1

3. The discount is automatically subtracted.

| CHANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 |  |
| \% 1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| AMOUNT | $-10.000 \%$ |
| TOTAL | -1.00 |
| CASH | $\$ 9.00$ |
|  | $\$ 9.00$ |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |
|  |  |

## Enter a Percent Discount on an Item

You can also operate the percentage functions by entering the percentage of the discount or surcharge. If necessary, you can enter a fractional percentage up to 3 digits beyond the decimal (i.e. 99.999\%).

1. Register the discounted item.
2. Enter the percentage. If you are entering a fraction of a percent, you must use the decimal key. For example, for one third off enter:

3. Press the $\mathbf{\% 1}$ key:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| \% 1 | $-33.333 \%$ |
| AMOUNT | -3.33 |
| TOTAL | $\$ 6.67$ |
| CASH | $\$ 6.67$ |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |
|  |  |

## \% 1

4. The discount is automatically subtracted.

## Percent on Sale Total

The percent can be an open or preset amount. In this example an open percentage surcharge of $15 \%$ is applied.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press the SBTL key:

SBTL
3. Enter the percentage, press the appropriate discount key. For example, for $15 \%$ enter:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| \% 1 | $15.000 \%$ |
| AMOUNT | $\$ 1.50$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 11.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 11.50$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |

4. The surcharge is automatically added.

## Coupon on Sale (Vendor Coupon)

When programmed as "amount", "sale", "open" and "negative", a \% key will perform a coupon against a sale (or vendor coupon.) Also, depending upon programming:

- You may be allowed to enter only one coupon in a sale, after the SBTL key is pressed,
- You may be allowed to enter multiple coupons, but you must press the SBTL key before each coupon,
- You may be allowed to enter multiple coupons, without first pressing SBTL. In this example, a coupon may be entered only once, and you must first press SBTL.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press the SBTL key:

## SBTL

3. Enter the amount of the coupon, press the appropriate \% key. For example:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 | 10.00 |
| \%1 | 2.00 |
| TOTAL | $\$ 8.00$ |
| CASH | $\$ 8.00$ |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |
|  |  |

4. The coupon is subtracted.

## Coupon on Item (Store Coupon)

When programmed as "amount", "item", "open" and "negative", a \% key will perform a coupon against an item (or store coupon.) In this case, you must press the PLU (or enter the PLU number) of the PLU you wish the coupon to be subtracted from.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the amount of the coupon, press the appropriate \% key. For example:

3. Press the PLU key you wish to subtract the coupon from (or enter the PLU number of the PLU you wish to subtract

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE $01 / 15 / 2003$ WED | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| PLU1 C | -2.00 |
| TOTAL | $\$ 8.00$ |
| CASH | $\$ 8.00$ |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 | the coupon from and press PLU.)


4. The coupon is automatically subtracted.

## Return Merchandise Registrations

If you wish to return or refund an item, press RETURN, then re-enter any item. You can return merchandise as part of a sale, or you can return merchandise as a separate transaction and return cash to the customer.

1. Press RETURN:

## RETURN

2. Enter the price of the item you wish to return, then press the PLU key where it was registered originally.


| CHANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  |  |
| RETURN $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * ~$ |  |
| PLU2 T1 |  |
| TAX1 AMT |  |
| TOTAL |  |
| CASH |  |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 |  |

3. Total the sale with CASH, CHECK, or a CHARGE function.

## Voids and Corrections

## Error Correction (Void Last Item)

This function corrects the last item entered.

1. Register the item you wish to sell.
2. Press the ERROR CORR key:

## ERROR

CORR

| THANK-YOU CALL AGAIN |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME 08:33 |
| PLU1 T1 | \$2 29 |
| PLU2 | \$1.29 |
| ERR CORR | --- |
| PLU2 | 1.29 |
| TAX1 AMT | \$0.14 |
| TOTAL | \$2.43 |
| CASH | \$2.43 |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## Void Previous Item

This function allows you to correct an item registered previously in a transaction.

1. Register an item. Then register a second item.
2. To correct the first item, press VOID:
void
3. Enter the price of the first item, then press the PLU key where it was registered originally.

12

## Cancel

The CANCEL key allows you to stop any transaction. Anything registered within the transaction before the CANCEL key is pressed is automatically corrected. The CANCEL key can be inactivated through programming, see "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter, or the key can be programmed to require manager control.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press the CANCEL key

## CANCEL

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.29$ |
| PLU2 | -0.50 |
| CANCEL ************************* |  |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## Void Position Operations

You can use the VOID control lock position to correct any complete transaction. To correct any transaction:

1. Turn the control lock to the VOID position.
2. Enter the transaction you wish to correct exactly as it was entered originally in the REG control lock position. You can enter discounts, voids, returns, tax exemptions or any other function.
3. All totals and counters are corrected as if the original transaction did not take place.

| THANK-YOU |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME 08:33 |
| VOID MODE ********* | ********** |
| PLU1 T1 | -2.29 |
| PLU2 | -1.00 |
| TAX1 AMT | -0.14 |
| TOTAL | -3.43 |
| CASH | -3.43 |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## No Sale Operations

## Open Drawer

The \#/NO SALE key will open the cash drawer when you have not already started a transaction. The no sale function can be disabled or placed under manager control through programming, see "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter.

1. Press \#/NS:
\#INS
2. The drawer will open and the receipt will print as in the example on the right.

| THANK-YOU CALL AGAIN |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME 08:33 |
| NO SALE | -------- |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## Non Add Number

You can also use the \#/NO SALE key to print any number (up to 9 digits) on the printer paper. You can enter the number any time during a transaction. For example, if you wish to record a checking account number, enter the number and press the \#/NO SALE key before totalling the sale with the CHECK key.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the number you wish to record, for example enter:

3. Press \#/NS:
\#/NS

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.99$ |
| NON-ADD\# | 1234 |
| TAX1 AMT | $\$ 0.18$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 3.17$ |
| CHECK | $\$ 3.17$ |
|  | No. 000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## 4. Press CHECK

## CHECK

## Received On Account Operations

You can use one of the received on account functions (RA1-RA3) to accept cash or checks into the cash drawer when you are not actually selling merchandise. For example, use received on account to accept payments for previously sold merchandise, or record loans to the cash drawer.

1. Press one of the received on account keys (RA1-RA3)
$\square$
2. Enter the amount of cash received, press

## CASH.


3. Enter the CHECK amount received, press CHECK

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| RA1 |  |
| CASH | $\$ 10.00$ |
| CHECK | $\$ 10.00$ |
| CHARGE1 | $\$ 10.00$ |
| RA1 | $\$ 30.00$ |
|  | No.000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |


4. Enter the charge amount received, press

## CHARGE1


5. You can continue to itemise receipts, or you can finalise by pressing or selecting the same received on account key.

## Paid Out Operations

You can use the paid out function(PO1-PO3) to track cash or checks paid out or to record loans from the cash drawer.

1. Press one of the paid out keys(PO1PO3)

## PO1

2. Enter the amount of cash paid out, press CASH.

3. Enter the CHECK amount paid out, press

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| P01 |  |
| CASH | 10.00 |
| CHECK | 10.00 |
| CHARGE1 | 10.00 |
| P01 | 30.00 |
|  | No.000011 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 | CHECK.


4. Enter the charge amount received, press

## CHARGE1


5. You can continue to itemize paid outs, or you can finalise by pressing or selecting the same paid out key.

## Subtotalling a Sale

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press SBTL. The subtotal will display with the message "Sub" indicated on the rear display.

## SBTL

The subtotal can be printed if the system option is set. See "Print Option
Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter.

## Totalling and Tendering

There are ten tender functions available to categorise sales. CASH and CHECK are individual keys on the keyboard

## Totalling a Cash Sale

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. To total a cash sale, press CASH:

CASH
3. The display will indicate the total amount of the cash sale.

## Totalling a CHECK Sale

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. To total a cash sale, press CHECK:

## CHECK

3. The display will indicate the total amount of the cash sale.

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 | $\$ 7.96$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 7.96$ |
| CASH | $\$ 7.96$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU2 | $\$ 7.96$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 7.96$ |
| CHECK | $\$ 7.96$ |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |

## Tendering a Cash Sale

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the amount tendered by the customer. For example, for \$20.00 enter:

3. Press CASH:

CASH
4. The display will indicate the total amount of the cash tendered and the change due, if any.

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  | $\$ 2.99$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 1.99$ | $\$ 2.99$ |
| 4X |  | $\$ 7.96$ |
| PLU2 |  | $\$ 0.36$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 14.30$ |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 20.00$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 5.70$ |  |
| CHANGE |  | No. 000011 |
|  |  | 00001 |

## Tendering a CHECK Sale

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the amount tendered by the customer. For example, for $\$ 20.00$ enter:

3. Press CHECK:

## CHECK

4. The display will indicate the total amount of the check tendered and the change

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  | $\$ 2.99$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 1.99$ | $\$ 2.99$ |
| 4X |  | $\$ 7.96$ |
| PLU2 |  | $\$ 0.36$ |
| TAX1 |  | $\$ 14.30$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 20.00$ |  |
| CHECK | $\$ 5.70$ |  |
| CHANGE |  | No. 000011 |
|  |  | 00001 |

## Totalling a Charge Sale

Use the charge keys to track charge or credit card sales. See "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to change the descriptors for the charge tender functions. For example, you can use CHARGE 1 to track Visa card sales. The descriptor "VISA" will display on the function look up menu and print on the printer. You can also set tendering options for the charge keys, i.e. whether to allow over tendering or to enforce tendering.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press one of the charge keys if it is located on the keyboard:

## CHARGE

1

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  |  |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.99$ |  |
| 4X | $\$ 1.99$ |  |
| PLU2 |  |  |
| TAX1 |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\$ 2.99$ |  |
| CHARGE1 | $\$ 0.96$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| CLERK 1 | $\$ 14.30$ |  |
|  |  |  |

## Tendering a Charge Sale

Tendering a charge sale may or may not be allowed. See "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to set tendering options for the charge keys, i.e. whether to allow over tendering or to enforce tendering.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the amount of the charge and press one of the charge keys if it is located on the keyboard:


|  THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |  |
| PLU1 T1 |  | $\$ 2.99$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 1.99$ | $\$ 2.99$ |
| 4X |  | $\$ 7.96$ |
| PLU2 |  | $\$ 0.36$ |
| TAX1 |  | $\$ 14.30$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 20.00$ |  |
| CHARGE1 |  | $\$ 5.70$ |
| CHANGE |  | No. 000011 |
|  |  | 00001 |

## CHECK Cashing

CHECK cashing means exchanging cash for a CHECK. If you wish to cash CHECKs, you must place a CHKCASH key on the keyboard. See "Function Key Assignment" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter.

1. Enter the amount of the CHECK tendered by the customer. For example, for \$20.00 enter:

2. Press CHKCASH:

## CHK

CASH

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  |  |
|  | TIME 08:33 |
| CHECK |  |
| CASH |  |
|  |  |
| CLERK 1 |  |

3. The display will indicate the amount of the CHECK and the cash change.

## Split Tender

Split tendering is paying for one transaction by more than one payment method. For example, a $\$ 20.00$ sale could be split so $\$ 10.00$ is paid in cash, and the remaining $\$ 10.00$ is paid by a CHECK. If necessary, you can make several different payments.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Enter the amount of cash tendered by the customer. For example, enter \$10.00 and press CASH:

3. The display will indicate the $\$ 10.00$ cash tender and the $\$ 10.00$ total still due.
4. Enter the amount of CHECK tendered by the customer. For example, enter $\$ 10.00$ and press CHECK:

5. When the total tendered equals or exceeds the total due, the receipt will print and the transaction is complete.

## Post Tender

Post tendering means computing change after the sale has been totalled and the drawer is open. This feature is useful when a customer changes the amount of the tender. Normally, this function is not allowed. If you wish to allow post tendering, you must set the appropriate system option.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press CASH:

CASH
3. The display will indicate the total of the cash sale.
4. Enter the amount of the new tender,

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME $08: 33$ |
|  |  |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.00$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.12$ |
| CASH | $\$ 2.12$ |
| CLERK 1 | No. 000011 |
|  |  |

Press CASH:

5. The display will indicate the change due.

## Currency Conversion

If you normally accept currency from neighbouring nations, you can program to convert the subtotal of a sale to the equivalent cost in the foreign currency. You can set up four separate conversion functions for different foreign currencies. To do this, you need to program the conversion factor. For example, if the pound (home currency) is worth approximately 63 euros (foreign currency), the conversion factor could be 0.632511 .

See "Function Key Programming" in the "Program Mode Programming" chapter to set a conversion factor.

1. Register the items you wish to sell.
2. Press the CONV1 key if it is located on the keyboard:

CON11
3. Enter the amount of the foreign currency tender, Press CASH:


| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| PLU1 T1 | $\$ 2.00$ |
| TAX1 | $\$ 0.12$ |
| TOTAL | $\$ 2.12$ |
| CONV 1 | $€ 2.90$ |
| CHANGE RATE | $@ 1.3720$ |
| HOME AMT. | $\$ 10.00$ |
| CHANGE | $\$ 5.17$ |
| CLERK 1 | No.000011 |
|  |  |

4. The display will indicate the amount of foreign currency tendered and display $\$ 5.17$ change due. The change due is computed in home currency!

## Table Management and Clerk Interrupt Operations

## Overview

The ER-420M can employ a manual previous balance, hard check, or soft check system. (You must select hard or soft check posting in memory allocation programming - the default selection is soft.)

There are two methods in ER-420M to manage check track. One is table management system and the other is clerk interrupt system. If you want to use clerk interrupt system. First, Program as below.

## To Enter Clerk Interrupt System (To Exit Table Management system )

1.Program Clerk Secret Code
2.Set system option \#2 to a value of 1. See "System Option Programming"
3.Set system option \#26 to a value of 1. See "System Option Programming".

## To Exit Clerk Interrupt System(To Enter Table Management system)

Set system option \#26 to a value of 0. See "System Option Programming".

## Soft Check

## Opening a Soft Check

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, press the CHECK \# key to automatically assign a check:

CHECK\#
2. If required, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:


Receipt Example:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| CHECK \# | \#12.3 |
| PBAL | $\$ 0.00$ |
| TABLE | $\# 3$ |
| GUEST | \#2 |
| CHICKEN | $\mathbf{\$ 7 . 0 0}$ |
| STEAK | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 0 0}$ |
| SERVICE | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 . 0 0}$ |
| BFWD | No.000011 |
|  | 00001 |

3. If required, enter the number of guests and press the GUEST key:

4. Register the items you wish to sell.
5. To total the posting, press SERVICE:

SERMCE

Note: If a table number entry is required for all guest checks, and checks are assigned by register, the check will be assigned by the register when the table \# is entered.

## Adding to a Soft Check

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, if you entered a table number, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:

2. Register the next items you wish to sell.
3. To total the posting, press SERVICE:

Receipt Example:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| CHECK \# | \#123 |
| PBAL | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 . 0 0}$ |
| TABLE | $\# 3$ |
| GARLIC BREAD | $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$ |
| SERVICE | $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$ |
| BFWD | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 . 0 0}$ |
|  | No.000012 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

Sample of soft check printed on the receipt:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| CHECK \# |  |
| PBAL | $\# \mathbf{1 2 3}$ |
| TABLE | $\$ 19.00$ |
| CHICKEN | \#3 |
| STEAK | $\$ 7.00$ |
| GARLIC BREAD | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 0 0}$ |
| SERVICE | $\$ 2.00$ |
| BFWD | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 0 0}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 . 0 0}$ |
| CLERK 1 | CHK \# : 1 |

## Part Paying a Soft Check (ONLY if Payment Key Compulsory)

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, if you entered a table number, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:

2. If necessary, add additional items.

Pay the balance as you would normally tender a transaction, with CASH, CHECK, or one of the CHARGE functions.


Sample of soft check printed on the receipt:

| THANK-YOU CALL AGAIN |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME 08:33 |
| CHECK \# | \#123 |
| PBAL | \$19.00 |
| table | \#3 |
| CHECKS PAID | \$10.00 |
| CASH | \$10.00 |
| SERVICE | \$9.00 |
|  | CHK \# : 2 |
|  | No. 000013 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

3. To finalise the part paying, press

SERVICE:
SERMCE

## Paying (Finalising) a Soft Check

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, if you entered a table number, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:

2. If necessary, add additional items. If you wish to add a tip, press SBTL, then enter the tip amount and press the TIP key:

Sample of soft check printed on the receipt:

| THANK-YOU CALL AGAIN |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED | TIME 08:33 |
| CHECK \# | \#123 |
| PBAL | \$19.00 |
| TABLE | \#3 |
| TIP | \$3.00 |
| CHECKS PAID | \$22.00 |
| CASH | \$25.00 |
| CHANGE | \$3.00 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHK \# : } 2 \\ & \text { No. } 000013 \end{aligned}$ |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

## SBTL


3. If Payment key is compulsory Press Payment to confirm Soft Check will be Finalised

## PAYMENT

4. Pay the balance as you would normally tender a transaction, with CASH, CHECK, or one of the CHARGE functions. If the tender is greater than the balance due, change is displayed.


## Hard Check

## Opening a Hard Check

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, press the CHECK \# key to automatically assign a check:

## CHECK\#

2. If required, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:

3. If required, enter the number of guests and press the GUEST key:

4. Register the items you wish to sell
5. Place a slip in an optional slip printer, the check will print automatically when you press SERVICE:

SERMCE

Receipt Example:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| CHECK \# | \#12.3 |
| PBAL | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 0 0}$ |
| TABLE | \#3 |
| GUEST | \#2 |
| CHICKEN | $\mathbf{\$ 7 . 0 0}$ |
| STEAK | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 . 0 0}$ |
| SERVICE | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 . 0 0}$ |
| BFWD | No.000011 |
|  | 00001 |

## Adding to a Hard Check

1. Enter the number of the guest check, press the CHECK \# key:

or, if you entered a table number, enter the table number and press the TABLE key:

2. Register the next items you wish to sell

Receipt Example:

| THANK-YOU <br> CALL AGAIN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| DATE 01/15/2003 WED |  |
|  | TIME $08: 33$ |
| CHECK \# | \#123 |
| PBAL | $\$ 17.00$ |
| TABLE | \#3 |
| GARLIC BREAD | $\$ 2.00$ |
| SERVICE | $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$ |
| BFWD | $\mathbf{1 9 . 0 0}$ |
|  | No.000012 |
| CLERK 1 | 00001 |

3. To total the posting, press SERVICE:

## SERMCE

## XIZ Mode

## Introduction

All Management Functions take place with the control lock in the $\mathbf{X}$ position. This way only those with the correct key will have access to these functions. Some register operations may be programmed to require the control lock in the $\mathbf{X}$ position in order to operate. All reports require a key that will access the $\mathbf{X}$ or $\mathbf{Z}$ position.

## X Reports

System reports are divided into two basic categories:

- $\mathbf{X}$ reports, which read totals without resetting
- $\mathbf{Z}$ reports, which read totals and reset them to zero

Most reports are available in both categories. Some reports, such as the Cash-in-Drawer report and the From-To PLU report are available only as $\mathbf{X}$ reports.
Some reports also provide identical but separate period to date reports. These reports maintain a separate set of totals, which may be allowed to accumulate over a period of days, weeks, months, or even years. X2 reports read period to date totals without resetting, and Z2 reports read period to date totals and reset them to zero. Period to date totals are updated each time a $\mathbf{Z 1}$ report is completed.

A complete list of available reports is presented in a chart on the following page.
An example is given for each of these reports in the pages that follow. Those reports which may be optionally abbreviated through register programming are represented twice. They are first shown with the option off, giving all totals, and again with the option turned on, showing the abbreviated version of the same report.

Registers programmed with pop-up clerks must be signed on in the REG control lock position prior to taking reports.

## Running a Report - General Instructions

1. Refer to the "Report Table".
2. Select a report type and the report mode.
3. Turn the control lock to the position indicated.
4. Enter the key sequence for the report you have selected.

Report Table

| Report Type | Report Number | Report Mode | Control Lock Position | Key Sequence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial | 1 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \\ \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { - SBTL } \\ 1 \text { - SBTL } \\ 201 \text { - SBTL } \\ 201 \text { - SBTL } \end{gathered}$ |
| Time | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \\ \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \\ & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { - SBTL } \\ 2 \text { - SBTL } \\ 202 \text { - SBTL } \\ 202 \text { - SBTL } \end{gathered}$ |
| All PLU | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \\ \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \text { - SBTL } \\ 3 \text { - SBTL } \\ 203 \text { - SBTL } \\ 203 \text { - SBTL } \end{gathered}$ |
| All Clerk | 4 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \\ \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \text { - SBTL } \\ 4 \text { - SBTL } \\ 204 \text { - SBTL } \\ 204 \text { - SBTL } \end{gathered}$ |
| Group | 5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \\ \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{Z} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5 \text { - SBTL } \\ 5 \text { - SBTL } \\ 205 \text { - SBTL } \\ 205 \text { - SBTL } \end{gathered}$ |
| All STOCK | 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { - SBTL } \\ & 6 \text { - SBTL } \end{aligned}$ |
| Daily Sales | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} 2 \\ & \mathrm{Z} 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 208 \text { - SBTL } \\ & 208 \text { - SBTL } \end{aligned}$ |
| Individual Clerk Report | 9 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \mathrm{X} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{X} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9-SBTL-\#-CLERK-\#-CLERK } \\ & \text { 209-SBIL-\#-CLERK-\#-CLERK } \end{aligned}$ |
| Open Table | 11 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{X} \\ & \mathrm{Z} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \text { - SBTL } \\ & 11 \text { - SBTL } \end{aligned}$ |
| From/To PLU | 13 | X | X | 13-SBTL XXXX - PLU - XXXX - PLU |
| From/To PLU |  | X2 | X | 213-SBTL XXXX - PLU - XXXX - PLU |
| From/To STOCK | 14 | X | X | 14-SBTL XXXX -PLU - XXXX - PLU |
| DRAWER TOTAL | 111 | X | X | 111-SBTL |

## Reset Hard Check Line \#

If you want to change hard check line \# to specific value, follow below sequence in $\mathbf{Z}$ mode.

1. Reset All Hard Check Line \#.

2. Reset an Individual Hard Check Line \#.


## Cash Declaration

If compulsory cash declaration is required, you must declare the count of the cash drawer prior to taking $\mathbf{X}$ or $\mathbf{Z}$ financial and clerk reports.
You can enter the cash drawer total in one step, or to facilitate the counting of the cash drawer, you can enter each type of bill/coin and CHECKs separately and let the register act as an adding machine. You can also use the X/TIME key to multiply the denomination of currency times your count.

Either way you choose to enter cash, the register will compare your declaration with the expected cash and CHECK in drawer totals and print the over or short amounts on the report.
For example:

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{X}$ or $\mathbf{Z}$ position (depending upon the type of report you are taking.)
2. Press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the total of cash.

4. Enter the total of CHECKs.

5. Press the CASH key to total the declaration.

CASH

## Service Mode Programming

## Overview

The following procedures are done from the Service Mode menu:

- Clear all totals
- Clear grand total
- Clear PLU file
- EPROM Information
- Memory Allocation
- Assignment of functions to keyboard locations
- RS232C Port


## Memory Allocation Scan

1.Turn the control lock to the S position to scan the allocated memory .
2. Enter 60, press the SBTL key.

3.Press CASH key

## CASH

## PC Online Mode

In ER-420M, There are no special commands to enter PC Online Mode.
When you want to enter PC Online mode, all you have to do is to set 232 Communication Option in Programming. When PC sends commands to the ECR, the ECR will be automatically in Online Mode if connected.

## Memory Allocation

1. Turn the control lock to the S position.
2. To Allocate Memory, enter 60, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to the chart below. Enter the index number and press the X/TIME key.


| $\mathbf{X}$ | MEMORY ITEM |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | PLU |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | CLERK |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | GROUP |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | CHECK\# |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | SOFT CHECK LINE |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | CHECK TYPE $:$ Hard(1), Soft(0) |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | PRICE LEVEL |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | MIX AND MATCH |

4. Enter the Number to allocate for the Memory Item and Press CASH key.

See the example data table below


| MEMORY ITEM | N |
| :--- | :--- |
| PLU | 1000 (Max.9000) |
| CLERK | 15 (Max. 99) |
| GROUP | 20 (Max. 99) |
| CHECK \# | 20 (Max. 500) |
| SOFT CHECK LINE | 50 (Max. 100) |
| CHECK TYPE | 0 (Soft Check), 1(Hard Check) |
| PRICE LEVEL | 1 (Max. 2) |
| MIX AND MATCH | 20 (Max. 99) |

Default Memory Allocation
5. If you want to finish memory allocation, Enter CASH key with no numeric key input.And If you want to allocate Another memory area, Repeat 3,4 STEP.

```
CASH
```


## Clear Totals

1. Turn the control lock to the $S$ position.
2. To Reset Totals, enter 20, press the SBTL key.


## Clear Grand Totals

1. Turn the control lock to the $S$ position.
2. To Reset Grand Totals, enter 30, press the SBTL key.


## Clear PLU File

1. Turn the control lock to the $S$ position.
2. To Reset PLU file, enter 40, press the SBTL key.


## Eprom Information

1. Turn the control lock to the $S$ position.
2. To Scan Eprom Information, enter 50, press the SBTL key.


## Function Key Assignment Programming

Function keys may be relocated, inactivated or changed with this program. For example, you may wish to place functions, such as PREVIOUS BALANCE and SERVICE that are not placed on the default keyboard. Or perhaps, you may wish to remove a function, such as CANCEL, for security reasons.

Please note the following limitations:

- If you assign a duplicate of a function code, the duplicate will function exactly as the original - you will not get separate totals and counters on reports for the duplicated key.
- You can reassign keys only in locations that are programmable. See "Keyboards", where the key locations that may be programmed are identified.


## To Assign a Function Key to a Location:

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{S}$ position.
2. Enter 70, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to Function Key Codes to find the code for the key you wish to assign, press the location you wish to program. Repeat this step to assign another key.

4. Press the CASH key to finalise key assignment program.

CASH

Function Key Codes

| Code | Function | Code | Function | Code | Function | Code | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | NLU 1 | 147 | CHARGE 6 | 177 | MACRO 8 | 207 | TIP |
| 50 | NLU 50 | 148 | CHARGE 7 | 178 | MACRO 9 | 208 | VOID ITEM |
| 51-119 | Reserved | 149 | CHARGE 8 | 179 | MACRO 10 | 209 | WASTE |
| 120 | Numeric 1 | 150 | CHECK CASHING | 180 | MDSE RETURN | 210 | VALIDATION |
| 121 | Numeric 2 | 151 | ENDORSE | 181 | MODIFIER 1 | 211 | PAYMENT |
| 122 | Numeric 3 | 152 | CHECK TEND | 182 | MODIFIER 2 | 212 | RCPT ON/OFF |
| 123 | Numeric 4 | 153 | CHECK \# | 183 | MODIFIER 3 | 213 | J FEED |
| 124 | Numeric 5 | 154 | CLEAR (ESC) | 184 | MODIFIER 4 | 214 | INACTIVE |
| 125 | Numeric 6 | 155 | CLERK \# | 185 | MODIFIER 5 | 215 | NON ADD |
| 126 | Numeric 7 | 156 | CURR. CONV. 1 | 186 | P/BAL | 216 | PRICE INQ |
| 127 | Numeric 8 | 157 | CURR. CONV. 2 | 187 | PAID OUT 1 | 217 | CASH OUT |
| 128 | Numeric 9 | 158 | CURR. CONV. 3 | 188 | PAID OUT 2 | 218 | KBD SHIFT |
| 129 | Numeric 0 | 159 | CURR. CONV. 4 | 189 | PAID OUT 3 |  |  |
| 130 | Numeric 00 | 160 | DRIVE THRU | 190 | PAPER FEED |  |  |
| 131 | DECIMAL | 161 | EAT IN | 191 | PRINT CHECK |  |  |
| 132 | \#/NS | 162 | ERR CORRECT | 192 | PROMO |  |  |
| 133 | \%1 | 163 | F/S SHIFT | 193 | REC ON ACCT 1 |  |  |
| 134 | \%2 | 164 | F/S SUB | 194 | REC ON ACCT 2 |  |  |
| 135 | \%3 | 165 | F/S TEND | 195 | REC ON ACCT 3 |  |  |
| 136 | \%4 | 166 | GUEST | 196 | SUBTOTAL |  |  |
| 137 | \%5 | 167 | PLU | 197 | SCALE |  |  |
| 138 | X/TIME | 168 | PRICE LEVEL 1 | 198 | SERVICE |  |  |
| 139 | ADD CHECK | 169 | PRICE LEVEL 2 | 199 | TABLE \# |  |  |
| 140 | CANCEL | 170 | MACRO 1 | 200 | TARE |  |  |
| 141 | CASH | 171 | MACRO 2 | 201 | TAKE OUT |  |  |
| 142 | CHARGE 1 | 172 | MACRO 3 | 202 | TAX EXEMPT |  |  |
| 143 | CHARGE 2 | 173 | MACRO 4 | 203 | TAX SHIFT 1 |  |  |
| 144 | CHARGE 3 | 174 | MACRO 5 | 204 | TAX SHIFT 2 |  |  |
| 145 | CHARGE 4 | 175 | MACRO 6 | 205 | TAX SHIFT 3 |  |  |
| 146 | CHARGE 5 | 176 | MACRO 7 | 206 | TAX SHIFT 4 |  |  |

## RS232C Port 1/RS232C Port 2 Options

Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{S}$ position
To program PORT1 enter $\mathbf{8 0}$ and press SBTL key.
To program PORT2 enter 81 and press SBTL key.


| N1 | OPTION | N2 | VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Baud Rate | 0 | 9600 BPS |
|  |  | 1 | 1200 BPS |
|  |  | 2 | 2400 BPS |
|  |  | 3 | 4800 BPS |
|  |  | 4 | 19200 BPS |
| 2 | Parity | 0 | NONE |
|  |  | 1 | ODD |
|  |  | 2 | EVEN |
| 3 | Data Bits | 0 | 8 BITS |
|  |  | 1 | 7 BITS |
| 4 | Stop Bits | 0 | 1 BIT |
|  |  | 1 | 2 BIT |
| 5 | Device Function | 0 | NONE |
|  |  | 1 | PC |
|  |  | 2 | SCALE |
|  |  | 3 | RJ |
|  |  | 4 | RECEIPT PRINTER |
|  |  | 6 | SCANNER |
|  |  | 7 | COIN |


| N1 | OPTION | N2 | VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8 | EFT |
|  |  | 9 | POLE |
| 6 | Initial Feeding Line KP | 0-20 |  |
| 7 | End Feeding Line KP | 0-20 |  |
| 8 | Initial Feeding Line Slip | 0-20 |  |
| 9 | Print Line On Guest Check | 0-50 |  |
| 10 | Scale Type | 0 | NCI |
|  |  | 1 | CAS |
| 11 | Printer Type | 0 | NONE |
|  |  | 1 | SAM4S ELLIX10 |
|  |  | 2 | SAM4S ELLIX20 |
|  |  | 3 | SRP-270 |
|  |  | 4 | SRP-300/350 |
|  |  | 5 | CITIZEN3550 |
|  |  | 6 | CITIZEN810 |
|  |  | 7 | CITIZEN230 |
|  |  | 8 | EPSON TMT88-2 |
|  |  | 9 | EPSON U200 |
|  |  | 10 | EPSON U295 |
|  |  | 11 | EPSON U300 |
|  |  | 12 | EPSON U325 |
|  |  | 13 | EPSON U375 |
|  |  | 14 | STAR SP-200 |
|  |  | 15 | STAR SP-298 |
|  |  | 16 | STAR SP-300 |
|  |  | 17 | STAR TSP-200 |
| 12 | Pole Display | 0 | EPSON |
|  |  | 1 | ICD |
| 13 | EFT TYPE | 0 | EFT GLED |
|  |  | 1 | EFT INGE |
|  |  | 2 | EFT ZVT700 |
|  |  | 3 | TYRO EFTPOS |
| 14 | EFT CONFIG BYTE | 0-127 |  |
| 15 | EFT CURRENCY | 0 | NONE |
|  |  | 1 | DM |
|  |  | 2 | EURO |
| 16 | EFT PASSWORD | 0-99999999 |  |

## Program Mode Programming

## Default Programming

All keyboard PLUs are taxable and open, without entry limits by default status programming of "40000000".

- All system options are set to $\mathbf{0}$ in default programming, unless otherwise noted. Change only the options, which will deviate, from default programming. There is no need to re-enter an option status of $\mathbf{0}$, since $\mathbf{0}$ is its original setting.
- All programming (unless otherwise stated) is done with the control lock in the $\mathbf{P}$ position. Each section details a specific area of register programming.
- The default settings apply to GOD v1.8 and later.


## Descriptor Programming Methods

Descriptors are programmable for PLUs, function keys, groups, clerks and the logo/messages. There is a method available to program descriptors the Descriptor Code Method.

## Program Overlay Method

ER420M Alpha Keyboard Overlay


## Descriptor Code

Descriptor Code Chart

| CHAR | Ç | ü | é | â | ä | à | å | Ç | ê | ë |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE | 001 | 002 | 003 | 004 | 005 | 006 | 007 | 008 | 009 | 010 |
| CHAR | è | Ï | î | I | Ä | Å | É | æ | ÁE | ô |
| CODE | 011 | 012 | 013 | 014 | 015 | 016 | 017 | 018 | 019 | 020 |
| CHAR | ö | ò | û | ù | $\ddot{\text { y }}$ | Ö | Ü | ¢ | \$ | ¥ |
| CODE | 021 | 022 | 023 | 024 | 0250 | 026 | 027 | 028 | 029 | 030 |
| CHAR | $€$ | SPACE | ! | " | \# | \$ | \% | \& | ' | ( |
| CODE | 031 | 032 | 033 | 034 | 035 | 036 | 037 | 038 | 039 | 040 |
| CHAR | ) | * | + | , | - | . | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| CODE | 041 | 042 | 043 | 044 | 045 | 046 | 047 | 048 | 049 | 050 |
| CHAR | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | : | ; | < |
| CODE | 051 | 052 | 053 | 054 | 055 | 056 | 057 | 058 | 059 | 060 |
| CHAR | = | > | ? | @ | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| CODE | 061 | 062 | 063 | 064 | 065 | 066 | 067 | 068 | 069 | 070 |
| CHAR | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P |
| CODE | 071 | 072 | 073 | 074 | 075 | 076 | 077 | 078 | 079 | 080 |
| CHAR | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z |
| CODE | 081 | 082 | 083 | 084 | 085 | 086 | 087 | 088 | 089 | 090 |
| CHAR |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | b | C | d |
| CODE | 091 | 092 | 093 | 094 | 095 | 096 | 097 | 098 | 099 | 100 |
| CHAR | e | f | g | h | i | j | k | 1 | m | n |
| CODE | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 |
| CHAR | 0 | p | q | r | S | t | u | V | W | X |
| CODE | 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 |
| CHAR | y | Z | BACK SPACE |  |  | Double |  |  |  |  |
| CODE | 121 | 122 | 123 |  |  | 999 |  |  |  |  |

## Tax Programming

The ER-420M has the capability to support four separate taxes.
Taxes can be calculated as either a straight percentage rate of between $.001 \%$ and $99.999 \%$, or a 60 break point tax table. Each tax may be either an add-on tax (added to the cost of a taxable item), or a value added tax (VAT) that is included in the price of the item.
Tax rate 4 may be set to function as the Canadian Goods \& Services Tax (GST). Definitions for tax rates 1, 2, $3 \& 4$ are made as part of tax programming.

- Australian GST is the default setting.
- If you are entering a tax rate (add-on or VAT), see "Straight Percentage Tax Rate Programming" to enter the percentage rate.
- If you are entering a Canadian Goods and Services Tax (GST), use tax rate 4 for the GST tax, and use tax rates 1, 2 and/or 3 for any other provincial tax or taxes. See "Straight Percentage Tax Rate Programming" to enter the GST status and percentage rate.

Important Note: After you have entered your tax program(s), test for accuracy by entering several transactions of different amounts. Carefully check to make sure the tax charged by the cash register matches the tax on the printed tax chart for your area. As a merchant, you are responsible for accurate tax collection. If the cash register is not calculating tax accurately, contact your dealer for assistance.

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## Straight Percentage Tax Rate Programming

When tax requirements may be met using a straight percentage rate, use the following method to program a tax as a straight percentage.

## Programming Straight Percentage Tax Rates and Status

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. If the tax is a percentage rate, with a decimal (0.000-99.999), it is not necessary to enter preceding zeros. For example, for $6 \%$, enter 06.000 or 6.000 .
3. For the type of tax:

| If the tax is a percentage added to the sale (normal add on tax), <br> enter: | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| If the tax is a percentage value added tax (VAT; calculated as part <br> of the sale), enter: | $\mathbf{2}$ |

4. Enter $\mathbf{0}$ here for all taxes, unless you are programming tax 4 as a Canadian GST. If tax 4 is a Canadian GST, enter the sum of the options below:

| OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GST (tax 4) is taxable by rate 1? | Yes $=1$ |  |  |
|  | No $=0$ |  |  |
| GST (tax 4) is taxable by rate 2? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=0$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| GST (tax 4) is taxable by rate 3? | Yes $=4$ <br> No $=0$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

5. Press the Tax Shift key for the tax you are programming.
6. Press the CASH key to end programming.

## Tax Rate Programming Flowchart



## PLU Programming

All PLUs, whether they are registered by pressing a PLU key on the keyboard, or by entering the PLU number and pressing the PLU key, have the same programming options. These options are set through separate programs:

- Program 100 - PLU Status Programming determines whether the PLU is open, preset or inactive. Also selected here are tax, food stamp, scale, negative, single item, hash, gallonage, compulsory number entry, compulsory validation, compulsory condiment and print options.
- Program 110 - PLU Auto tare Programming
- Program 150 - PLU Group Assignment allows you to select up to two groups where each PLUs sale will accumulate.
- Program 200 - PLU Price/HALO Programming determines the PLU price if the PLU is preset, or the high amount lock out (HALO) if the PLU is open.
- Program 250 - PLU Stock Amount Programming and ADD STOCK function key.
- Program 300 - PLU Description Programming allows you to set a unique, up to 18 character, descriptor for each PLU.
- Program 350-PLU Link Programming allow you to link a PLU to another PLU, so that registration of the first PLU will automatically trigger registration of the linked PLU.
- Program 400 - PLU Delete Programming allows you to delete the PLU.
- Program 450 - PLU Mix \& Match Programming.


## Program 100 - PLU Status Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 100 , press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Press the first PLU keys that are to receive the same status and Press the last PLU keys, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#,
up to 15 digits


- Enter the number of the first PLU in a range of PLUs that are to receive the same setting; press the PLU key. Enter the last number in the range; press the PLU key.


4. Refer to the "PLU Status Chart" to determine the values for $\mathbf{N} \mathbf{1}$ through $\mathbf{N} 9$. (If an address offers more than one option, add the values for each option and enter the sum. For example, if you wish the PLU to be taxable by rates 1 and 3, add the values for your choices, $1+4$, and enter the sum " 5 " for address N5.) Enter the values you have selected, press the X/TIME key. (You do not need to enter preceeding zeros. For example, if you are only selecting a value for N8, i.e. print price on guest check number 1, just enter 10.)
Australian GST status is preset by default.

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

PLU Status Chart

| Address | Program Option | Value | $=$ | Sum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | PLU is preset? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is override preset? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is taxable by rate 1 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | PLU is taxable by rate 2? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is taxable by rate 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is taxable by rate 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | PLU is food stamp eligible? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is negative item? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is hash? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | PLU is single item? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Compulsory non-add number? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is gallonage? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N5 | PLU is inventory? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is scalable? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N6 | PLU is auto-scale entry? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is a condiment? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Compulsory condiment entry? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N7 | Print PLU on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print PLU on detail? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print PLU on check? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N8 | Print item's price on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print item's price on check? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is disabled PROMO function? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| Address | Program Option | Value | $=$ | Sum |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N9 | PLU counter is not reset when a PLU Z report is <br> done? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | PLU is preset override in MGR control? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Program 110 - PLU Auto Tare Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1 1 0}$, press the SBTL key

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

Press on the keyboard, or

## PLU

Press the first PLU keys that are to receive the same status and Press the last PLU keys, or


Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or


Enter the number of the first PLU in a range of PLUs that are to receive the same setting; press the PLU key. Enter the last number in the range; press the PLU key.

4. Enter a value(1-5) to indicate the number of the preprogrammed tare weight you want to automatically subtract when the PLU is used for scale entry (using an optional scale). Enter 0 to disable automatic tare subtraction.

5. program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalize the program.

## CASH

## Program 150-PLU Group Assignment

Each PLU may report to any three levels of groups. Group totals appear on reports, so that you can track sales of different types of items. A group can also be used to designate items that are to print on an optional kitchen printer.

Note: The PLU will report to group "0", if not programmed to report to groups 1-20.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1 5 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Press the first PLU keys that are to receive the same status and Press the last PLU keys, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#,
up to 15 digits


- Enter the number of the first PLU in a range of PLUs that are to receive the same setting; press the PLU key. Enter the last number in the range; press the PLU key.


## Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits



4. Enter up to three 2-digit numbers representing the groups where you wish to add the PLUs sales, i.e. enter $\mathbf{1 0}$ for group 10 or enter $\mathbf{0} \mathbf{4}$ for group four. Press the $\mathbf{X} / \mathbf{T I M E}$ key.

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## CASH

## Program 200 - PLU Price/HALO Programming

If a PLU is open, set the HALO (high amount lock out) here. If a PLU is preset set the preset price here. If a PLU is set with gallonage status, enter the price per gallon here. (Enter price per gallon in tenths of a penny, i.e. 1299 for $\$ 1.29$ 9/10 per gallon.)

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{2 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Press the first PLU keys that are to receive the same status and press the last PLU keys, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits $\square$

- Enter the number of the first PLU in a range of PLUs that are to receive the same setting; press the PLU key. Enter the last number in the range; press the PLU key.

Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits

4. If the PLU is open, enter a HALO of up to 7 digits. If the PLU is preset, enter a preset price.


If the PLU Price Level is 2, Repeat this again.

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 250 - PLU Stock Amount Programming

With this program, you can you can add stock to the PLU sales counters for PLUs you have designated as stock keeping PLUs.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 250 , press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Press the first PLU keys that are to receive the same status and Press the last PLU keys, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#,
up to 15 digits


- Enter the number of the first PLU in a range of PLUs that are to receive the same setting; press the PLU key. Enter the last number in the range; press the PLU key.


## Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits


4. Enter the stock amount you wish to add (up to six digits), press the X/TIME key.


Stock Amount
5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalize the program.

## CASH

## Program 300 - PLU Description Programming

Program descriptors by typing descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or by entering three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select 'No' in system option \#25(See "System Option Programming).

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{3 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Program 350-PLU Link Programming

PLU link programming allows you to link a PLU to another PLU, so that registration of the first PLU will automatically trigger registration of the linked PLU. For example, you may wish to link a bottle deposit with the sale of beverages, or you may wish to register a group of items normally sold together.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{3} 50$, press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or


## Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits


4. Enter the number of the PLU you wish the PLU linked to; press the PLU key. Or press the PLU key on the keyboard you wish the PLU linked to.


If you want to unlink,

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 400 - PLU Delete Programming

NOTE: To delete a PLU, all totals for the PLU must be cleared from Z reports(including Stock and PLU reports.)

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{4 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU or PLUs you wish to program in one of the following ways:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or


## PLU

- Press the first PLU key to be deleted, then press the last PLU key to be deleted, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits


- Enter the number of the first PLU in a range to be deleted and press the PLU key, then enter the last number in the range, and press the PLU key.

Enter the PLU\#, up to 15 digits
 Enter the PLU\#,

4. Press X/TIME key.

X/TIME
5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Program 450 - PLU MIX \& MATCH Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 450 , press the SBTL key.

3. Select the PLU you wish to be linked to the mix \& match table:

- Press a PLU key on the keyboard, or

```
PLU
```

- Press the first PLU to be linked, then the PLU key, and the last PLU in the range, or

- Enter up to 15 digit number of the PLU and press the PLU key, or

Enter the PLU\#,
up to 15 digits


- Enter the number of the first PLU in the range, and press the PLU key, then enter the last PLU number in the range and press the PLU key.


4. Enter the number of the Mix \& Match Table then press the $\mathbf{X} /$ TIME key.

5. To program additional PLUs, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## System Option Programming

Refer to the "System Option Table" to review the system options. Read each option carefully to determine if you wish to make any changes.

NOTE: Because after clearing memory all options settings are automatically set to 0 , and because your most likely option selections require a status setting of 0 , you do not need to program this section unless you wish to change the default status.

## Programming a System Option:

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. Enter $\mathbf{3 0}$, press the SBTL key.
3. Enter a system option address, press the X/TIME key.
4. Enter the number representing the status you have selected, or if there is more than one decision to be made in an address, add the values representing your choices for each decision and enter the sum. Press the SBTL key.
5. Repeat from step 3 for each system option you wish to change.
6. Press the CASH key to end system option programming.

## System Option Flowchart



## System Option Table

| Address | SYSTEM OPTION |  | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Beeper is active? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 2 | Clerk sign on method is: | direct entry = | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | code entry = | 1 |  |  |
| 3 | Clerks are: | pop-up = | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | stay down = | 0 |  |  |
| 4 | Drawer needs to be shut to operate? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Activate open Drawer Alarm? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 5 | The number of seconds before the open drawer warning tone sounds (1-99). |  | 30 |  |  |
| 6 | Allow the post tender function? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Open drawer on post tender? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow multiple receipts? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 7 | Cash Declaration Required before Z Financial report? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow negative balance sales in the X control lock position only? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 8 | Allow zero balance sales in the X control lock position only? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Consecutive number is reset after a financial report? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 9 | Reset Grand Total after Z financial Report? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Cash drawer will open when reports are run? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Open drawer during training mode? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 10 | Decimal place : (0,1,2,3) |  | Default=2 |  |  |
| 11 | Date format is: | MDDYY = | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | DMMYY = | 1(default) |  |  |
|  |  | YMMDD = | 2 |  |  |
| 12 | Percentage and Tax calculations will: | und up at $0.005=$ | 0(default) |  |  |
|  |  | ways round up = | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | ways round down = | 2 |  |  |


| Address | SYSTEM OPTION |  |  | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | Split price calculations will: | round up at $0.005=$ |  | 0(default) |  |  |
|  |  | always round up = |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | always round down = |  | 2 |  |  |
| 14 | Compulsory Eat in T-out D-thru before tendering? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Hash is | normal | = | Yes $=0$ |  |  |
|  |  | non-add | $=$ | No = 2 |  |  |
| 15 | Reset the Financial report Z counter after a Z1 Financial report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Reset the Time report Z counter after a Z1 Time report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Reset the PLU report Z counter after a Z1 PLU report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 16 | Reset the Clerk report Z counter after a Z1 Clerk report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Reset the Group report Z counter after a Z1 Group report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 17 | Reset the Daily sale report Z counter after a Z2 Daily sale report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Paper sensor is enabled? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Deactivate Split Pricing? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 18 | Allow Direct Multiply? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Inventory (stock) counter programming |  | level = | Yes $=2$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | level = | No = 0 |  |  |
| 19 | The number of numeric digits: 0 is no limit |  |  | 0-14 |  |  |



| Address | SYSTEM OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Allow New Zealand round on cash? <br> (must turn AU off first) | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Print Option Programming

Refer to the "Print Option Table" to review the print options. Read each option carefully to determine if you wish to make any changes.

NOTE: Because after clearing memory all options settings are automatically set to 0 , and because your most likely option selections require a status setting of 0 , you do not need to program this section unless you wish to change the default status.

## Programming a Print Option:

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. Enter $4 \mathbf{0}$, press the SBTL key.
3. Enter a print option address, press the X/TIME key.
4. Enter the number representing the status you have selected, or if there is more than one decision to be made in an address, add the values representing your choices for each decision and enter the sum. Press the SBTL key.
5. Repeat from step 3 for each print option you wish to change.
6. Press the CASH key to end print option programming.

## Print Option Flowchart



Print Option Table

| Address | PRINT OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Print media total on clerk report? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print tax symbol? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 2 | Void/Return totals will print on the Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Audaction total will print on the Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 3 | Skip media totals with zero activity on the Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Skip media totals with zero activity on the Clerk report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Clerk report at the end of the Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 4 | Print PLU sale item number? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print PLU with zero totals on report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Subtotal is printed when the SBTL key is pressed? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 5 | Print percentage of sales on the PLU report? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print consecutive number counter on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 6 | Print date on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print time on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Not used |  |  |  |
| 7 | Print clerk name on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Z counter on reports? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 8 | Home Currency symbol | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ \text { (default) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 9 | Print receipt when sign on/off? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Grand total on the X Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Grand total on the Z Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 10 | Print Gross total on the X Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Gross total on the Z Financial report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| Address | PRINT OPTION |  |  | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | Print the subtotal without tax on the receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Tax amount to print on receipt is: | com | ine | Yes = 2 |  |  |
|  |  | ite | ze | No = 0 |  |  |
| 12 | Print the tax amount on receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print taxable totals? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print the tax rate? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 13 | Print a breakdown of the VAT eligible sale? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print training mode message on the receipt during training mode operations? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 14 | Currency Symbol: (see note2 below) | CO | V. \#1 | . |  |  |
| 15 |  | CO | V. \#2 | - |  |  |
| 16 |  | CO | V. \#3 | . |  |  |
| 17 |  | CO | V. \#4 | - |  |  |
| 18 | Print the kitchen printer order number on the Receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print the item's price on the kitchen printer requisition? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 19 | Print registrations in void mode on the kitchen printer / KP requisition? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print registrations in training mode on the kitchen printer/ KP requisition? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print round amout on the kitchen printer/KP requisition? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 20 | Combine like items on the kitchen printer? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Consolidation of like items on check track? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Chooses volume unit When the PLU is gallonage. |  | gallons | 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | liters | 4 |  |  |
| 21 | Print preamble message on receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print postamble message on receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print preamble message on the guest check? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 22 | Print postamble message on the guest check? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| Address | PRINT OPTION |  |  | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Do not print pre/postamble message on the journal receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 23 | Print average items per customer on the Financial report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print average sales per customer on the Financial report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 24 | Issue a second receipt for the same transaction? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Priority print by group on the kitchen printer? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print the PLU number and descriptor on the receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 25 | Print when polling reports? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print PLU\# on PLU report? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Grand total is: | net sale | $=$ | 4 |  |  |
|  |  | gross sale | = | 0 |  |  |
| 26 | Print journal font | small | $=$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | normal | = | 0 |  |  |
|  | Print journal reverse about VOID PLU ? |  |  | Yes = 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | No = 0 |  |  |
|  | Journal print is off? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 27 | Send order to the kitchen printer when the SBTL key is pressed? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print date on hard check? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 28 | Pre Print graphic logo on receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Post Print graphic logo on receipt? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 29 | Pre Print graphic logo on the guest check? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Post Print graphic logo on the guest check? |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 30 | Print pre- logo | Default |  | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | User | = | 1 |  |  |
|  | Print post- logo | Default | $=$ | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | User | = | 2 |  |  |
| 31 | Number of Pre-feeding lines on Receipt (0-5) |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| 32 | Number of Post-feeding lines on Receipt (0-5) |  |  | 0 |  |  |

NOTE 1: Print Option\# 8 - Users outside of the USA can designate a different currency symbol. To select a different symbol, type descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or enter three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select 'No' in system option \#25(See "System Option Programming").

NOTE 2: Print Option\# 14,15,16,17 - If you are using the currency conversion feature, you can select the appropriate symbol for each foreign currency you are accepting. To select a different symbol, type descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or enter three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select ‘No' in system option \#25 Overlay Descriptor(See "System Option Programming").

## Function Key Programming

Three programs are used to program function keys;

- Program 70 - is used to set each keys individual options
- Program 80 - is used to program a 18 character alpha numeric descriptor
- Program 90 - is used to set a high amount limit (HALO)

In this chapter you will find:

- General instructions for programs 70, 80 and 90.
- Specific programming instructions for each function key.


## Program 70 - Function Key Options

Use Program 70 to set options for function keys. Because of the differences inherent in function keys, individual options will be different. See the specific instructions for each key in this chapter to find the options for each key.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{7 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the values for the option digit or digits. Depending on the function key you are programming, you may enter up to five digits $\mathbf{N} 1$ through N6.
Determine the values for N1 through N6 by referring to the specific function key information that follows. (You do not need to enter preceding zeros. For example, if the function key offers six digits, $\mathbf{N} \mathbf{1}$ through $\mathbf{N 6}$ and you are only selecting a value for N6, just enter the value for N6.) Press the function key you wish to program.

4. To program additional function keys, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor

Program descriptors by typing descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or by entering three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select 'No' in system option \#25(See "System Option Programming).

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{8 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. If you are programming alpha overlay

or,

4. To program additional function keys, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 90 - Function Key HALO

Use Program 90 to program a high amount lock out (HALO) for a function key. Only specific keys require this program. For example, you can set a HALO for the CASH, CHECK or CHARGE keys. Refer to the specific function key programming information in this chapter to determine when the HALO option is available.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $9 \mathbf{0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter a HALO of up to eight digits, (or " 0 " for no HALO).

## Enter 1-8 digit

HALO
4. Press the function key on the keyboard you wish to program.

5. To program additional function keys, repeat from step 2, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## CASH

## ADD CHECK

Options - Program 70


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Compulsory before tendering? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Advance the consecutive \# when this function is used? | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes }=0 \\ \text { No }=\mathbf{4} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Delete the pre/postamble when this function is used? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{1} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Exempt tax 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## CANCEL

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## CASH

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Amount tender is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow over tendering and under tendering in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Disable under tendering? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Open cash drawer? | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ \text { No }=1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Exempt tax 3 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## CHARGE1-8



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Amount tender is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow over tendering and under tendering in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Disable under tendering? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Open cash drawer? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow over tendering ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Non-add \# entry compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 3 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Send to EFT? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N5 | EFT Port (0-2) | 0 |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## CHECK

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Amount tender is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow over tendering and under tendering in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Disable under tendering? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Open cash drawer? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Exempt tax 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 4 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Check endorsement compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## CHECK CASHING

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## CHECK ENDORSEMENT

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print the amount of the check and endorsement message? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print date? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Print time? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print clerk? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print consecutive number? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## CHECK \#

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Required at Start of Sale? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Opening clerk has exclusive access? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Check track \# and balance will print on receipt? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Check track \# and balance will print on remote? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow only one check per table? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Check\# is automatically assigned by register? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | PBAL Key is used as Drive thru recall key? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Length of Check(0-9) | 0 |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## CURRENCY CONVERSION

## Currency Conversion Rate - Program 90

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{9} \mathbf{0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the exchange rate of up to 7 digits (do not enter the decimal point), then enter a number from 0 to 7 to indicate the decimal position. See "Currency Exchange Rate Programming Examples" below.

4. Press the function key on the keyboard you wish to program.

## FUNCTION

KEY
5. To program additional function keys, repeat from step 2, or press the CASH key to finalize the program.

## CASH

## Currency Exchange Rate Programming Examples

Note: Foreign currency exchange rates may be stated as "foreign currency in dollars", or "dollars in foreign currency". Use the rate stated in "dollars in foreign currency" when you are programming this section.

The US dollar (home currency) is worth 1.3720 Canadian dollars (foreign currency).


The US dollar (home currency) is worth 110.24 Japanese Yen (foreign currency).


## DRIVE THRU / EAT IN / TAKE OUT

Options - Program 70


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 3 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## ERROR CORRECT

## Options - Program 70

Repeat for another


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? |  |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## FIS SUB

Options - Program 70
Repeat for another function key


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## FIS TEND

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION |  | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Exempt tax 1? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 3? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Exempt tax 4? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | The tender is allowed in any amount? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Food stamp change is issued in | Cash = | 4 |  |  |
|  |  | Food stamps | 0 |  |  |
| N3 | Open cash drawer? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"

HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## GUEST

## Options - Program 70

Repeat for another


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Required when opening a new check? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Before registering, enter a guest number? | Yes $=4$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Print Guest \# at the kitchen printer? |  |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## Price LEVEL1-2

Options - Program 70


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Print level description at the KP? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## \#/NS

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | No Sale is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | No Sale active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | No Sale inactive after non-add \# entry? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Enforce non-add \# entry at start of sale? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print when a NO SALE is performed? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Non-add \# entries are prohibited?. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Compulsory non-add entry must match number of digits set in the MAX DIGIT flag below? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print non-add on guest check? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Enter maximum number of digits for non-add number entry. Zero(0) means no limit. (0-8) | 0 |  |  |

## Descriptor - Programs 80 \& 81

Since two distinct functions, \# entry and no sale, reside on the same key, different programs are used to program each descriptor. To program the no sale descriptor:


To program the \# descriptor


## RETURN

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in X control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## MODIFIER 1-5

Options - Program 70


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Modify PLU\#? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Print modifier descriptor on the guest check? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Print modifier descriptor on the receipt? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Value of affected digit(0-9) | $\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

2.     * Affect $\operatorname{Digit(1-14)~of~PLU\# ~}$


## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## PAYMENT

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Require to close check? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## PBAL

Options - Program 70


## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## PROMO

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in X control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Exempt tax 2? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## PAID OUT1-3

## Options - Program 70



## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## PRINT CHECK

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Enter Port Number. ( Zero if the check will print <br> on the receipt printer) | $0-2$ |  |  |
|  | Automatically Service Check? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Print Check\# on Receipt | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Skip printing consecutive \# on the guest check? | Yes $=4$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## RECD ON ACCT1-3

Options - Program 70


Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"

HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## SCALE

## Options - Program 70



## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## SERVICE

## Options - Program 70

| Repeat for another function key |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7$ <br> 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| N1 | Compulsory non-add number before this key is used? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print on receipt? | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ \text { No }=2 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow negative balance in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Calculate tax 1 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Calculate tax 2 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Calculate tax 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Calculate tax 4 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Enter the port number if you are using a hard check system (0-2). | 0 |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## SUBTOTAL

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## TABLE

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Table number entry compulsory before opening a new check? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Table number entry compulsory for all sales? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Print table\# at the remote printer? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## TARE

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Using tare number five to manually enter a tare weight? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## TAX EXEMPT

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Exempt tax 1? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 2 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Exempt tax 3? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Exempt tax 4? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Compulsory non-add number before this key is used? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"

TIP

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION |  | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Type of tip is: | Percentage $=$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Amount = | 0 |  |  |
| N2 | Key is inactive? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Add tax rate 1? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | Add tax rate 2? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Add tax rate 3? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Add tax rate 4? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | Add the tip total to the NET and GROSS sales total? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## VALIDATE

## Options - Program 70

Repeat for another function key


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{N} \mathbf{N 1}$ | Enter Port Number.(0-2) <br> Enter Zero if validation is not used. | $\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N 2}$ | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow multiple validation? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## VOID

Options - Program 70
Repeat for another function key


| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |
|  |  | Yes $=4$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? |  |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## WASTE

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Yes $=1$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |
|  |  | Yes $=4$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? |  |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

- Refer to "Program 90 - Function Key HALO"


## \%1- \%5

## Options - Program 70



| Address | OPTION |  | VALUE | = | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Apply an: | Amount | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Percentage | 0 |  |  |
|  | Key is inactive? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | \% key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \mathbf{N o}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | \% key is: | Open | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Preset | 0 |  |  |
|  | \% key is: | Sale | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | Item | 0 |  |  |
|  | Allow \% key override preset? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N3 | \% key is: | Positive | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Negative | 0 |  |  |
|  | \% amount taxable tax 1? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N4 | \% amount taxable tax 2 ? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | \% amount taxable tax 3? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | \% amount taxable tax 4? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N5 | Reduce(or increase) the food stamp subtotal by \% entry? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow only one time subtotal entry? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Allow multiple amount discounts (coupons) without pressing subtotal? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=4 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N6 | Allow \% key preset override active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Validation is compulsory? |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO - Program 90



Note: If key is amount, enter 5 digit HALO, or 0 for no HALO. If key is percentage enter the percentage in a five digit format, without the decimal (XX.XXX). For example: for $10 \%$, enter 10000; for $5.55 \%$, enter 05550 ; for $99.999 \%$, enter 9999 or 10000 ; for $5.55 \%$, enter 05550; for 99.999\%, enter 99999.

## KBD SHIFT

Options - Program 70


| Address | OPTION |  | VALUE | $\mathbf{y}$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Key is inactive? | Pop up | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | Stay down | 1 |  |  |
|  | Key is active in $\mathbf{X}$ control lock position only? | Yes $=2$ <br> No $=\mathbf{0}$ |  |  |  |

## Descriptor

- Refer to "Program 80 - Function Key Descriptor"


## HALO

90 ST number of NLU keys on Keyboard

This will enable the shift to move the PLU on the NLU by this number. I.e. If NLU has PLU\#1 and you program 12 above, the KBD Shift will put PLU \#13 on keyboard level 2, and PLU \#25 on Shift 3.

## Clerk Programming

Clerks have the following programming options. These options are set through separate programs:

- Program 800-Secret Code programming determines the code that is used for clerk sign on if a code entry sign on method is selected in system option \#2 (See "System Option Programming")
- Program 801 - Training Clerk Programming. This allows the setting of a training clerk or alternative drawers.
- Program 810 - Clerk Description Programming allows you to set a unique, up to 18 character, descriptor for each clerk


## Program 800 - CLERK Secret Code Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{8 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number (1-15) of the clerk you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. Enter a secret code (up to 6 digits); press the SBTL key.

5. Repeat from step 3 for each clerk you wish to program. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 801 - Clerk Status Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 80 1, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number (1-15) of the clerk you wish to program; press the $\mathbf{X} / \mathbf{T I M E}$ key.

4. Enter an option digit from the table below, press the SBTL key.

| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Drawer assignment <br> (0: default drawer, 1: no drawer) | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| N2 | Training Clerk | Yes=1 <br> No=0 |  |  |


5. Repeat from step 3 for each clerk you wish to program. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 810-Clerk Description Programming

Program descriptors by typing descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or by entering three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select ‘No’ in system option \#25(See "System Option Programming").

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{8 1 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number (1-15) of the clerk you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Mix \& Match Programming

Mix \& Match Tables have the following programming options. These options are set through separate programs:

- Program 600 - Trip Level Programming
- Program 601 - Price Programming
- Program 610-Mix \& Match Description Programming allows you to set a unique, up to 18 character, descriptor for Mix \& Match Table.


## Program 600 - Trip Level Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{6 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number of the M\&M table you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. Enter a level of up to 5 digits. (The Maximum Level you can enter is 30000) ; press the SBTL key

Enter the level up

5. Repeat from step 3 for each table you wish to program. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 601 - Price Programming

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{6} 0$ 1, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number of the M\&M table you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. Enter a price (up to 7 digits); press the SBTL key.

5. Repeat from step 3 for each table you wish to program. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Program 610-Mix \& Match Description Programming

Program descriptors by typing descriptors on the alpha keyboard overlay or by entering three digit alpha character codes. To descript by three digit alpha character codes you must select 'No' in system option \#25(See "System Option Programming").

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{6 1 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number of the M\&M table you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

or,

5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Group Programming

Group totals are available to accumulate totals of individual PLUs that are assigned to each group. Each PLU can be assigned to one, two or three different groups.

- Use program 900 to assign a group status, i.e. a group can be set to not add to the total of all groups, or a group can be used to designate like items for kitchen printer assignment.
- Use program 910 to assign a unique descriptor for each group, so that the group may be easily understood on the group report.


## Programming Group Status - Program 900

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 900 , press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number of the group you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. Enter an option digit from the table below, press the SBTL key.

| Address | OPTION | VALUE | $=$ | SUM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1 | Group total is added to the total of all group on the Group report? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=\mathbf{0} \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Send to kitchen printer? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=2 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| N2 | No Choice | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | KP PORT\# : R(print a kitchen requisition) |  |  |  |
|  | KP PORT\# : 1 |  |  |  |
|  | KP PORT\# : 2 |  |  |  |
| N3 | Print RED on KP? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=1 \\ & \text { No }=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


5. To program additional groups, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Programming Group Description

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $91 \mathbf{0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter the number (1-20) of the group you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

or,

Enter up to 18
three-character $\longrightarrow$ SBTL
codes
5. To program additional groups, repeat from step 3, or press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Miscellaneous Programming

## Macro Key Sequence Programming

Macros are special function keys that are used to execute a sequence of key depressions. For example, a macro might be used to execute a string of reports or to automatically tender a preset amount. Up to ten different macros may be placed on the keyboard. (See "Function Key Assignment Programming" to place macros on the keyboard.)

## To Program a Macro

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1 5 0 0} 0$, press the SBTL key.

3. Press the Macro key that you wish to program.

## MACRO

4. First, you must change the Mode Key. Default Mode is PGM Mode.

Therefore, If you want to start in REG Mode, you must change Mode key to REG Mode. Type up to 50 key stokes

Type up to 50 key strokes
5. Turn the control lock to the P position. Press the same Macro key to end the sequence

## MACRO

6. Repeat from step 3-5 to program additional macros. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## To remove a Macro

If you wish to remove a key stroke from a macro, replace the current function with the INACTIVE function.

## Logo Description Programming

## Programming the Receipt/Check Endorsement Message

A preamble message of up to six lines can be printed at the top of each receipt; a postamble message of up to six lines can be printed at the bottom of each receipt: an endorsement message of up to ten lines can be printed when a check is endorsed on an optional slip printer. Each line can consist of up to 24 characters.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{7 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to the chart below and enter the number that represents the line you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.


| $\mathbf{X}$ | Message Line | $\mathbf{X}$ | Message Line |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $6^{\text {th }}$ line of Postamble |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $2^{\text {nd }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $3^{\text {rd }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $2^{\text {nd }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $4^{\text {th }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $3^{\text {rd }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | $5^{\text {th }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $4^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $6^{\text {th }}$ line of Preamble | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $5^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $1^{\text {st }}$ line of Postamble | $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $6^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | $2^{\text {nd }}$ line of Postamble | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $7^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $3^{\text {rd }}$ line of Postamble | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $8^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $4^{\text {th }}$ line of Postamble | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $9^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $5^{\text {th }}$ line of Postamble | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | $1^{\text {th }}$ line of Endorsement |

4. If you are programming

Type up to 24 descriptor keys
or,

Enter up to 24
three-character
codes

5. Press the CASH key to finalize the program.

## Programming the Financial Report Message

The Financial Report selection allows you to reprogram the descriptors that appear with the Financial Report totals and counters. For example, the first total on the financial report "+PLU TTL" represents the total of all positive PLU entries. You might wish to re-label this total to say "FOOD SALES".
You can reprogram any of the Financial Report totals listed here with any 18-character descriptor. (See "Financial Report Message").

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{7 0} \mathbf{1}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to the chart below and enter the number that represents the line you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Programming the Clerk Report Message

The Clerk Report selection allows you to reprogram the descriptors that appear with the Clerk Report totals and counters. For example, the first total on the clerk report "NET SALES" might be re-labeled to say "GROSS SALES". You can reprogram any of the Financial Report totals listed here with any 18-character descriptor. (See "Clerk Report Message").

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $7 \mathbf{1 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to the chart below and enter the number that represents the line you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

codes
5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Programming the Macro Name

Up to ten function locations may be designated as Macro keys. You may wish to program a name for a macro. For example if a macro executes a series of commands to produce daily reports, you can program the descriptor "DAILY", so the macro can easily be identified. Macro names can also be helpful when looking at keyboard layout information with the PC communication utility.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter 71 1, press the SBTL key.

3. Refer to the chart below and enter the number that represents the line you wish to program; press the X/TIME key.

4. If you are programming using alpha overlay;

5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

Financial Report Message

| X | Message Line | X | Message Line | X | Message Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | +PLU TTL | 32 | ERROR CORR | 63 | CHG5 SALES |
| 2 | -PLU TTL | 33 | PREVIOUS VD | 64 | CHG6 SALES |
| 3 | ADJST TTL | 34 | VOID MODE | 65 | CHG7 SALES |
| 4 | NONTAX | 35 | CANCEL | 66 | CHG8 SALES |
| 5 | TAX1 SALES | 36 | GROSS SALES | 67 | FOREIGN 1 |
| 6 | TAX2 SALES | 37 | CASH SALES | 68 | FOREIGN 2 |
| 7 | TAX3 SALES | 38 | CHECK SALES | 69 | FOREIGN 3 |
| 8 | TAX4 SALES | 39 | R/A 1 | 70 | FOREIGN 4 |
| 9 | TAX1 | 40 | R/A 2 | 71 | DRWR TTL |
| 10 | TAX2 | 41 | R/A 3 | 72 | PROMO |
| 11 | TAX3 | 42 | P/O 1 | 73 | WASTE |
| 12 | TAX4 | 43 | P/O 2 | 74 | TIP |
| 13 | XMPT1 SALES | 44 | P/O 3 | 75 | TRAIN TTL |
| 14 | XMPT2 SALES | 45 | HASH TTL | 76 | BAL FORWARD |
| 15 | XMPT3 SALES | 46 | AUDACTION | 77 | GUESTS |
| 16 | XMPT4 SALES | 47 | NOSALE | 78 | P/BAL |
| 17 | EATIN TTL | 48 | CASH-IN-D | 79 | CHECKS PAID |
| 18 | TAKEOUT TTL | 49 | CHECK-IN-D | 80 | SERVICE |
| 19 | DRIVE THRU TTL | 50 | FD/S-IN-D | 81 | MIX\&MATCH |
| 20 | \% 1 | 51 | CHG1-IN-D | 82 | ROUND TTL |
| 21 | \% 2 | 52 | CHG2-IN-D |  |  |
| 22 | \% 3 | 53 | CHG3-IN-D |  |  |
| 23 | \% 4 | 54 | CHG4-IN-D |  |  |
| 24 | \% 5 | 55 | CHG5-IN-D |  |  |
| 25 | NET SALE | 56 | CHG6-IN-D |  |  |
| 26 | CREDIT TAX1 | 57 | CHG7-IN-D |  |  |
| 27 | CREDIT TAX2 | 58 | CHG8-IN-D |  |  |
| 28 | CREDIT TAX3 | 59 | CHG1 SALES |  |  |
| 29 | CREDIT TAX4 | 60 | CHG2 SALES |  |  |
| 30 | FD/S CREDIT | 61 | CHG3 SALES |  |  |
| 31 | RETURN | 62 | CHG4 SALES |  |  |

Clerk Report Message

| X | Message Line | X | Message Line | X | Message Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | NET SALE | 25 | CREDIT TAX3 | 49 | CHG4 SALES |
| 2 | NONTAX | 26 | CREDIT TAX4 | 50 | CHG5 SALES |
| 3 | TAX1 SALES | 27 | FD/S CREDIT | 51 | CHG6 SALES |
| 4 | TAX2 SALES | 28 | RETURN | 52 | CHG7 SALES |
| 5 | TAX3 SALES | 29 | ERROR CORR | 53 | CHG8 SALES |
| 6 | TAX4 SALES | 30 | PREVIOUS VD | 54 | FOREIGN 1 |
| 7 | TAX1 | 31 | VOID MODE | 55 | FOREIGN 2 |
| 8 | TAX2 | 32 | CANCEL | 56 | FOREIGN 3 |
| 9 | TAX3 | 33 | GROSS SALES | 57 | FOREIGN 4 |
| 10 | TAX4 | 34 | CASH SALES | 58 | DRWR TTL |
| 11 | XMPT1 SALES | 35 | SALES | 59 | PROMO |
| 12 | XMPT2 SALES | 36 | R/A 1 | 60 | WASTE |
| 13 | XMPT3 SALES | 37 | R/A 2 | 61 | TIP |
| 14 | XMPT4 SALES | 38 | R/A 3 | 62 | TRAIN TTL |
| 15 | EAT IN TTL | 39 | P/O 1 | 63 | BAL FORWARD |
| 16 | TAKEOUT TTL | 40 | P/O 2 | 64 | GUESTS |
| 17 | DRIVE THRU TTL | 41 | P/O 3 | 65 | P/BAL |
| 18 | \% 1 | 42 | HASH TTL | 66 | CHECKS PAID |
| 19 | \% 2 | 43 | CASH-IN-D | 67 | SERVICE |
| 20 | \% 3 | 44 | CHECK-IN-D | 68 | NOSALE |
| 21 | \% 4 | 45 | FD/S-IN-D | 69 | MIX\&MATCH |
| 22 | \% 5 | 46 | CHG1 SALES |  |  |
| 23 | CREDIT TAX1 | 47 | CHG2 SALES |  |  |

## NLU Code Number Programming

NLU are fixed keys on the keyboard (like traditional department keys) that access specific PLUs. On the default keyboard, there are 12 NLU keys and the PLU\# assigned to the NLU key is the same, i.e. NLU key number one is PLU \#1. However, with this program, you can assign any PLU number you wish to any one of the 12 possible NLU keys.

## Programming the NLU Code Number

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Type the new PLU code number you wish to use for this NLU key, and Press the NLU key on the keyboard you wish to program, and Press the NLU key again.

4. Press CASH to finalise the program

CASH

## Cash-In-Drawer Limit Programming

A Cash-In-Drawer limit can be programmed so that a warning appears on screen when the limit is exceeded. Pressing the CLEAR key will remove the error. The operator should carry out a Paid Out operation to reduce the Cash-in-drawer amount.

## Programming the Drawer Limit

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $1 \mathbf{1 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter a cash-in-drawer limit (up to 8 digits or $\mathbf{0}$ for no limit); press the X/TIME key.

| Enter the cash |
| :--- |
| limit, up to 8 |
| digits | $\rightarrow$ XITIME

4. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## CHECK Change Limit Programming

Use this program to set the maximum amount of cash that can be returned when a CHECK is tendered for an amount greater than the amount of the sale. For example, if the CHECK change limit is $\$ 10.00$ the maximum amount that can be tendered into the CHECK key on a $\$ 5.00$ sale is $\$ 15.00$.

## Programming the CHECK Change Limit

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{2 0 0}$ 0, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter a cash-in-drawer limit (up to 8 digits or $\mathbf{0}$ for no limit); press the X/TIME key.
$\underset{\substack{\text { Enter the cash } \\ \text { limit, up to } 8 \\ \text { digits }}}{\text { X/TIME }}$
4. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Date and Time Programming

Use this program to set the clock and calendar on your ER420M. The date changes automatically. After initial setting, time changing will probably be required only for beginning and ending daylight savings time.

## Programming the Date and Time

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{3 0 0}$ 0, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter time in military standard time (based on 24 hours), must be four digits (i.e. 1300 hours $=1: 00 \mathrm{PM}$ ); press the $\mathbf{X} / \mathbf{T I M E}$ key.

4. Enter the date in MM(month) DD (day) and YY (year) format. Press the X/TIME key:

5. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Machine Number Programming

The machine number is printed on the register receipt. Program a machine number so that any receipt can be identified with the store or register where the transaction took place.

## Programming the Machine Number

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To begin the program, enter $\mathbf{1 6 0 0}$, press the SBTL key.

3. Enter a machine number (up to 5 digits); press the X/TIME key.

4. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

CASH

## Program Scans

Since much time and energy has been invested in the planning and programming of your $E R-420 M$, it is advisable to print a hard copy of the final program for future reference. This copy should be kept in a safe place.

1. Turn the control lock to the $\mathbf{P}$ position.
2. To print a program scan, enter $\mathbf{1 5}$, press the SBTL key.

3. In this step, there are three different ways to scan program information. One is PLU, the other is Macro, The third is Others.

## PLU PROGRAM SCAN

To read one PLU program information, enter the number (1-1000) of the PLU and press the same number and PLU key.


Press a PLU key on the keyboard and press same key again.


To read multiple PLU program information, enter the first number and press PLU key. Press the last number and press PLU key.


Press a PLU key on the keyboard.


## MACRO PROGRAM SCAN

To read MACRO information, press the MACRO key to be scanned,


Refer to the chart below and enter a digit to represent the segment of the program you wish to print; press the X/TIME key. To program additional scan, repeat this operation.

## OTHERS PROGRAM SCAN



| $\mathbf{X}$ | Program | $\mathbf{X}$ | Program |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | Group | $\mathbf{9}$ | Financial Report message |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Tax | 10 | Clerk Report message |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | System option | 11 | Macro Name |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Print option | 12 | Drawer Limit |
| 4 | Function keys | 13 | CHECK Change Limit |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Clerk | 14 | Time \& Date |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Preamble message | 15 | Tare Weight |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Postamble message | 16 | Machine Number |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | Endorsement message | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | Mix \& Match |

4. Press the CASH key to finalise the program.

## Sample Reports

## Financial

| Total and count of all positive PLUs |  | FINANCIAL +PLU TTL | 179.56 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total and count of all Negative PLUs |  |  | \$288.60 |
|  | $\rightarrow$ | -PLU TTL | 10 |
|  |  |  | -20.00 |
|  |  | ADJST TTL | 189.56 |
| Total of +PLU and -PLU sales |  |  | \$268.60 |
| Total of Nontaxable sales |  | NONTAX | \$30.47 |
|  |  | TAX1 SALES | \$153.60 |
|  |  | TAX2 SALES | \$11.92 |
|  |  | TAX3 SALES | \$16.77 |
| Total of tax eligible sales for each sale tax |  | TAX4 SALES | \$31.89 |
|  |  | TAX1 | \$10.00 |
|  |  | TAX2 | \$1.21 |
|  |  | TAX3 | \$1.18 |
| Total of tax collected for each tax |  | TAX4 | \$2.18 |
|  |  | XMPT1 SALES | \$7.00 |
|  |  | XMPT2 SALES | \$1.50 |
| Total exempted sales for each tax | $\xrightarrow{\longrightarrow}$ | XMPT3 SALES | \$7.95 |
|  |  | XMPT4 SALES | \$7.50 |
|  |  | EATIN TTL | 1 |
| Total sales for each type of destination | $\longrightarrow$ |  | \$10.12 |
|  |  | TAKEOUT TTL | 2 |
|  |  |  | \$40.77 |
|  |  | DRTHRU TTL | 1 |
| Total and count for each \% function key (i.e. discounts \& coupons) |  |  | \$3.04 |
|  | $\longrightarrow$ | \% 1 | 3 |
|  |  |  | -0.48 |
|  |  | continued |  |



| Total and count of <br> items sold with <br> HASH status. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Count of No Sales. |
| Total of numbers <br> entered into the non- <br> add key |
| Total and count of <br> expected CASH, <br> CHECK in drawer |


| Total of CASH, CHECKS and CHARGES in drawer. | Coscress) | continued from previous page |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DRWR TTL PROMO | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 216.69 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |  |
| Total and count for PROMO,WASTE |  | WASTE |  | $\$ 1.50$ 8 |
| Number of transactions and total activity in Training Mode |  |  |  | \$12.50 |
|  |  | TRAIN TTL |  | 5 $\$ 62.59$ |
|  |  | AVG ITEM/CUST |  | 7.29 |
|  |  | AVG \$/CUST |  | \$10.81 |
| Average number if items per customer, and average dollar sales per customer |  | GRAND |  | \$375.63 |
|  |  | ETHAN | No. 000209 | 00000 |
| Grand total |  |  |  |  |

## Time

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time Period $\quad$------------------------------- |  |  |  |  |
| Number of |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TIME } \\ & \text { 13:00-13:59 } \\ & \text { CNT } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Transactions |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales in this period. |  | SALES AMT | $65.39 \%$ |  |
|  |  | SALES RATE |  |  |
| Percentage of total sales |  | CNT |  | 9 |
|  |  | SALES AMT |  | \$97.33 |
|  |  | SALES RATE |  | 34.61\% |
| Number of Transactions all periods | $\longrightarrow$ | ********************************  <br> TOTAL CNT 26 <br> TOTAL AMT $\$ 281.18$ <br> ETHAN No. 000236 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales in all periods. |  |  |  |  |

## PLU



## Clerk

Note: Media totals can be printed for each clerk, if selected in Print Option Programming.


## Individual Clerk



## Groups



## Stock



## Open Check



